

Annexure 3A

BSX Listing Rules

Half yearly/Yearly Disclosure

References

Version 1, Operative 23/8/2000

Chapter 3, BSX Listing Rules

South Burnett Community Enterprises Limited Name of entity 30 June 2011 Half yearly (tick) 57 113 889 768 ABN, ACN or ARBN Financial year ended Annual (tick) ('Current period') Summary \$A,000 Sales revenue or operating revenue 11% 766 to up Profit before abnormal items and after tax down 195% to (30)gain/(loss) of Abnormal items before tax Profit after tax but before outside equity 195% interests down to (30)Extraordinary items after tax attributable to members gain/(loss) of Profit for the period attributable to members 195% (30)down to Franking rate applicable Dividends (distributions) Current period Final ¢ ¢ Interim Previous corresponding period Final ¢ Interim Record date for determining entitlements to the dividend, (in the case of a trust distribution)

Short details of any bonus or cash issue or other items(s) of importance not previously released to BSX:

	No feeting
	No issues.
i	

Consolidated profit and loss account

	Current period \$A'000	Previous corresponding period \$A'000
Sales revenue or operating revenue	766	691
Expenses from ordinary activities	(805)	(644)
Borrowing costs	-	-
Share of net profit/(loss) of associates and joint venture entities	-	-
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities before tax	(39)	47
Income tax on ordinary activities	9	(15)
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities after tax	(30)	32
Outside equity interests	-	-
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members	(30)	32
Profit/(Loss) from extraordinary activities after tax attributable to members	-	-
Profit/(Loss) for the period attributable to members	(30)	32
Retained profits/(Accumulated losses) at the beginning of the financial period	(71)	(103)
Net transfers to and from reserves	_	-
Net effect of changes in accounting policies	-	-
Dividends paid or payable	-	-
Accumulated losses at end of financial period	(101)	(71)

Profit restated to exclude amortisation of goodwill

	Current period \$A'000	Previous corresponding period \$A'000
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities after tax before outside equity interests and amortisation of goodwill	(30)	32
Less (plus) outside equity interests	-	-
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities after tax (before amortisation of goodwill) attributable to members	(30)	32
Revenue and expenses from operating activities		

Re

Details of revenue and expenses	Current period \$A'000	Previous corresponding period \$A'000
·	704	004
Commission Revenue	761	684
Bank Interest Income	5	7
Other Revenue	-	_

Intangible and extraordinary items

	Consolidated - current period		
	Before tax \$A'000	Related tax \$A'000	After tax \$A'000
Amortisation of goodwill	-	-	-
Amortisation of other intangibles	16	-	16
Total amortisation of intangibles	16	-	16
Extraordinary items (details)	-	-	-
Total extraordinary items	-	-	_

Comparison of half year profits (Annual statement only)

	Current year - \$A'000	Previous year - \$A'000
Consolidated profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members reported for the 1st half year	(21)	31
Consolidated profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members for the 2nd half year	(9)	1

Consolidated balance sheet

Current assets	At end of current period \$A'000	As shown in last annual report \$A'000	As in last half yearly statement \$A'000
Cash	89	210	109
Receivable	70	71	74
Investments	-	-	-
Inventories	-	-	-
Other (current tax asset)	14	-	-
Total current assets	173	282	183
Non-current assets			
Receivables	-	-	-
Investments	-	-	-
Other property, plant and equipment (net)	334	360	347
Intangibles (net)	142	88	151
Other (Deferred Tax Asset)	19	11	18
Total non-current assets	495	458	516
Total assets	668	740	699
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	35	70	62
Borrowings	-	13	-
Provisions	35	24	26
Other (provide details if material)	-	4	2
Total current liabilities	70	110	90

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Non-current liabilities			
Accounts payable	-	-	-
Borrowings	-	-	-
Provisions	18	16	20
Other (provide details if material)	-	-	-
Total non-current liabilities	18	16	20
Total liabilities	88	126	110
Net assets	580	614	589
Equity			
Capital	681	685	682
Reserves	-		-
Retained profits/(accumulated losses)	(101)	(71)	(93)
Equity attributable to members of the parent entity	-	-	-
Outside equity interests in controlled entities	-	-	-
Total equity	580	614	589
Preference capital and related premium included	-	-	-

Consolidated statement of cash flows

Cash flows related to operating activities	Current period \$A'000	Previous corresponding period \$A'000
Receipts from customers	824	689
Payments to suppliers and employees	(811)	(634)
Dividends received	-	-
Interest and other items of similar nature received	5	7
Interest and other costs of finance paid	-	-
Income taxes paid	(18)	-
Other (provide details if material)	-	-
Net operating cash flows	-	63

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Cash flows related to investing activities		
Payments for purchases of property, plant and equipment	(36)	(282)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	-	-
Payment for purchases of equity investments	-	-
Proceeds from sale of equity investments	-	-
Loans to other entities	-	-
Loans repaid by other entities	-	-
Other (payment for intangibles)	(70)	(20)
Net investing cash flows	(106)	(302)
Cash flows related to financing activities		
Proceeds from issues of securities (shares, options, etc.)	3	311
Proceeds from borrowings	-	-
Repayment of borrowings	-	-
Dividends paid	-	-
Other (equity raising costs)	(6)	(22)
Net financing cash flows	(3)	289
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held	(109)	50
Cash at beginning of period (see Reconciliation of cash)	198	148
Exchange rate adjustments	-	-
Cash at end of period (see Reconciliation of cash)	89	198

Non-cash financing and investing activities

Details of financing and investing transactions which have had a material effect on consolidated assets and liabilities but did not involve cash flows are as follows. If an amount is quantified, show comparative amount.

Nil.
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Annexure 3A Half Yearly/Yearly Disclosure

Reconciliation of cash				
Reconciliation of cash at the end of the period (as shown in the consolidated statement of cash flows) to the related items in the accounts is as follows.	Current period \$A'000	Previous corresponding period \$A'000		
Cash on hand and at bank	33	61		
Deposits at call	56	149		
Bank overdraft	-	(13)		
Other (provide details)	-	-		
Total cash at end of period	89	198		
Ratios Profit before tax/sales	Current period	Previous		
	Current period	corresponding period		
Consolidated profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before tax as a percentage of sales revenue	(5%)	7%		
Profit after tax/equity interests				
Consolidated profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members as a percentage of equity (similarly attributable) at the end of the period	(5%)	5%		
Earnings per security (EPS)	Current period	Previous corresponding period		
Calculation of basic, and fully diluted, EPS in accordance with AASB 1027: Earnings per Share (a) Basic EPS	(2.445)	4.645		
(,	(3.41c)	4.61c		
(b) Diluted EPS (if materially different from (a))	-	-		
NTA backing	Current period	Previous corresponding period		
Net tangible asset backing per ordinary security	48c	59c		

Details of specific receipts/outlays, revenues/expenses Previous Current period corresponding period A\$'000 \$A'000 5 Interest revenue included Interest revenue included but not yet 1 received (if material) Interest costs excluded from borrowing costs capitalised in asset values Outlays (excepts those arising from the acquisition of an existing business) capitalised in intangibles (if material) Depreciation (excluding amortisation of (29)(14)intangibles) Other specific relevant items Control gained over entities having material effect Name of entity N/A Consolidated profit/(loss) from ordinary activities and extraordinary items after tax of the entity since the date in the current period on which control was acquired Date from which such profit has been calculated Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities and extraordinary items after tax of the entity for he whole of the previous corresponding period Loss of control of entities having material effect Name of entity N/A Consolidated profit/(loss) from ordinary activities and \$extraordinary items after tax of the entity for the current period to the date of loss of control Date from which the profit/(loss) has been calculated Consolidated profit/(loss) from ordinary activities and extraordinary items after tax of the entity while controlled during the whole of the previous corresponding period

Contribution to consolidated profit/(loss) from ordinary activities and extraordinary items from sale of interest leading to loss of

control

Reports for industry and geographical segments

Segments								
Operating Revenue								
Sales to customers outside the	Sales to customers outside the economic entity							
Inter-segment sales								
Unallocated revenue								
Total revenue								
Segment result								
Unallocated expenses								
Consolidated profit from ordina	ry activities after tax (be	efore equity acc	counting)					
Segment assets Unallocated assets Total assets	Unallocated assets) end of the previous corresponding period							
Dividends								
Date the dividend is p	ayable			-				
	nine entitlements to the ole transfers received u		1	_				
Amount per security								
	Frankin	g rate applicable	%	%	%			
(annual report only)								
Final dividend:	Current year	-¢	N/A	-¢	N/A			
	Previous year	¢	¢	-¢	¢			
(Half yearly and annual statements)								
Interim dividend:	Current year	-¢	N/A	-¢	N/A			
	Previous year	-¢	-¢	-¢	-¢			

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Total annual dividend (distribution) per security (Annual statement only) Current year Previous year Ordinary securities -¢ 6¢ Preference securities -¢ -¢ Total dividend (distribution) Previous Current period corresponding period -\$A'000 \$A'000 \$-\$ Ordinary securities Preference securities \$-\$-Total \$-\$-Half yearly report - interim dividend (distribution) on all securities or Annual report - final dividend (distribution) on all securities Previous Current period corresponding period -\$A'000 \$A'000 Ordinary securities \$-\$-Preference securities \$-\$-Total \$-\$-The dividend or distribution plans shown below are in operation. The last date(s) for receipt of election notices to the dividend or distribution plans Any other disclosures in relation to dividends (distributions)

Equity accounted associated entities and other material interests

Equity accounting information attributable to the to the economic entity's share of investments in associated entities must be disclosed in a separate notice. See AASB 1016: Disclosure of Information about Investments in Associated Companies.

Entities share of:	Current period A\$'000	Previous corresponding period A\$'000
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities before tax.	-	-
Income tax	-	-
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities after tax	-	-
Extraordinary items net of tax	-	-
Net profit/(loss)	-	-
Outside equity interests	-	-
Net profit/(loss) attributable to members	-	-

Material interests in entities which are not controlled entities

The entity has an interest (that is material to it) in the following entities.

Name of entity	interest held a	e of ownership t end of period or f disposal	o profit (loss) activities and tems after tax	
Equity accounted associates and joint venture entities	Current period Previous corresponding period		Current period \$A'000	Previous corresponding period \$A'000
	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	pa,
Other material interests	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Total		-	-	-
			D 4:	4 - 5 4 0

Issued and listed securities

Description includes rate of interest and any redemption or conversion rights together with prices and dates.

Category of securities	Number issued	Number listed	Issue Price (cents)	Paid-up value (cents)
Preference securities (description)	-	-	-	_
Changes during current period	-	-	-	-
Ordinary securities	881,128	881,128	84	84
Changes during current period	3,250	3,250	84	84
Convertible debt securities (description and conversion factor)	-	-	-	-
Changes during current period	-	-	-	-
			Exercise price	Expiry date
Options (description and conversion factor)	-	-	-	-
Changes during current period	-	•	-	-
Exercised during current period	-	-	-	-
Expired during current period	-	-	-	-
Debentures	-	-		
Unsecured Notes	-	-		

Discontinuing Operations

Consolidated profit and loss account

	Contin operat				Total entity	
	Current period - \$A'000	Previous correspo nding period - \$A'000	Current period - \$A'000	Previous correspon ding period - \$A'000	Current period - \$A'000	Previous correspon ding period - \$A'000
Sales revenue or operation revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expenses from ordinary activities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit/(loss) before tax	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less tax	-	_	<u>-</u>	-	-	-
Profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after tax	-	-	-		-	-

Consolidated statement of cash flows

	Continuing operations			Discontinuing operations		Total entity	
	Current period - \$A'000	Previous correspo nding period - \$A'000	Current period - \$A'000	Previous correspon ding period - \$A'000	Current period - \$A'000	Previous correspon ding period - \$A'000	
Net operating cash flows	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Net investing cash flows	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Net financing cash flows	-	-	-	_	-	-	

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Other disclosures	Current period A\$'000	Previous corresponding period A\$'000			
Carrying amount of items to be disposed of:	-	-			
- total assets	-	-			
- total liabilities	-	-			
Profit/(Loss) on disposal of assets or settlement of liabilities	-	-			
Related tax					
Net profit/(loss) on discontinuance	-	-			
Description of disposals					
Nil disposals.					

Comments by Directors

Basis of accounts preparation

If this statement is a half yearly statement it should be read in conjunction with the last annual report and any announcements to the market made by the entity during the period.

Material factors affecting the revenues and expenses of the entity for the current period including seasonal or cyclical factors

The company continues to trade in line with expectations and the entity has no material factors that have effected the revenues and expenses to report for the current period.

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A description of each event since the end of the current period which has had a material effect and is not related to matters already reported, with financial effect quantified (if possible)					
Nil to report.					
Franking credits available and prospects for paying fully o the next year	r partly franked dividends for at least				
Nil.					
Changes in accounting policies since the last annual repo prior years are disclosed as follows.	rt and estimates of amounts reported in				
N/A					
Changes in the amounts of contingent liabilities or assets disclosed as follows.	since the last annual report are				
N/A					
Additional disclosure for trusts					
Number of units held by the management company or responsible entity to their related parties.	N/A				
A statement of the fees and commissions payable to the management company or responsible entity.					
Identify: - Initial service charges - Management fees	N/A				
- Other fees					
Annual meeting (Annual statement only) The annual meeting will be held as follows:					
Place	Yarraman Memorial Hall				
Date	15 November 2011				
Time	7.00 pm				
Approximate date the annual report will be available	17 October 2011				

Compliance statement

- This statement has been prepared under accounting policies which comply with accounting standards as defined in the Corporations Law.
- This statement, and the financial statements under the Corporations Law (if separate), use the same accounting policies.
- In the case of a half-yearly report the same accounting standards and methods of computation are/are not* (delete one) followed as compared with the most recent annual accounts.
- 4 This statement does give a true and fair view of the matters disclosed.
- 5 This statement is based on financial statements to which one of the following applies:

(Tick one)

√ The financial statements have been audited.

The financial statements have been subject to review by a registered auditor (or overseas equivalent).

The financial statements are in the process of being audited or subject to review.

The financial statements have not yet been audited or reviewed.

- If the accounts have been audited and the audit report is attached, details of any qualifications are attached.
- 7 The entity has a formally constituted audit committee.

Sign here:	(<i>Director</i> /Company secretary)	Date:
	(Director/Company Secretary)	
Print name:		

Notes

True and fair view If this statement does not give a true and fair view of a matter (for example, because compliance with an Accounting Standard is required) the entity must attach a note providing additional information and explanations to give a true and fair view.

Income tax If the amount provided for income tax in this statement differs (or would differ but for compensatory items) by more than 15% from the amount of income tax *prima facie* payable on the profit before tax, the entity must explain in a note the major items responsible for the difference and their amounts.

Additional information An entity may disclose additional information about any matter, and must do so if the information is material to an understanding of the financial statements. The information may be an expansion of the material contained in this statement, or contained in a note attached to the statement.

Compliance statement

- This statement has been prepared under accounting policies which comply with accounting standards as defined in the Corporations Law.
- This statement, and the financial statements under the Corporations Law (if separate), use the same accounting policies.
- In the case of a half-yearly report the same accounting standards and methods of computation are/are not* (delete one) followed as compared with the most recent annual accounts.
- 4 This statement does give a true and fair view of the matters disclosed.
- 5 This statement is based on financial statements to which one of the following applies:

(Tick one)

✓ The financial statements have been audited.

The financial statements have been subject to review by a registered auditor (or overseas equivalent).

The financial statements are in the process of being audited or subject to review.

The financial statements have not yet been audited or reviewed.

- If the accounts have been audited and the audit report is attached, details of any qualifications are attached.
- 7 The entity has a formally constituted audit committee.

Sign here:

(Director/Company secretary)

Print name:

Notes

True and fair view If this statement does not give a true and fair view of a matter (for example, because compliance with an Accounting Standard is required) the entity must attach a note providing additional information and explanations to give a true and fair view.

Income tax If the amount provided for income tax in this statement differs (or would differ but for compensatory items) by more than 15% from the amount of income tax *prima facie* payable on the profit before tax, the entity must explain in a note the major items responsible for the difference and their amounts.

Additional information An entity may disclose additional information about any matter, and must do so if the information is material to an understanding of the financial statements. The information may be an expansion of the material contained in this statement, or contained in a note attached to the statement.

Date: 31, 08,11

South Burnett Community Enterprises Limited

Financial Statements

as at

30 June 2011

Your directors submit the financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2011.

Directors

The names and details of the company's directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year:

Francis Edward Smith

Chairman Age: 71 Retiree

Exporter of livestock meat Special responsibilities: Chairman Interest in shares: 11,334

James Alan Beveridge

Treasurer Age: 36

Chartered Accountant

Chartered accountant working in public practice

Special responsibilities: Audit Interests in shares: 3.000

David Wayne Emms

Director Age: 66 Manufacturer

Building construction/product design. Chairman of

Yarraman Community Council. Special responsibilities: Buildings Interests in shares: 1,336

Brenton Lester McLennan

Director Age: 60 Electrician

Electrician with own company

Special responsibilities: Human resources

Interests in shares: 22,334

Ross Michael Towell

Director (Appointed 14 February 2011)

Age: 50

Manager/Editor

Part of the Nanango Community Bank project since inception in 2008 .Owner/Editor of the Country Focus Newspaper and President of Nanango Tourism and Development Association, Involved in community organisations.

Special responsibilities: Nanango Steering Committee

Interests in shares: Nil

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No directors have material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the company.

Ross Christopher Begent

Vice Chairman

Age: 58

Economic Development Officer

Business Management & Counselling/Business Special responsibilities: Corporate Governance

Interests in shares: 4.502

David Francis Robison

Secretary Age: 62 Retired

Many years experience in the financial industry in

management positions.

Special responsibilities: Secretary

Interests in shares: 6,417

Cr Noel Leslie Strohfeld

Director Age: 70 Councillor

30 years in local government including 11 years as mayor. Licensed motor dealer and member of CoMSEQ rural futures taskforce and growth

management & planning committee. Special responsibilities: Projects Interests in shares: 2,003

Jeffrey Bruce Connor

Director Age: 54 Manager

Masters in Education Administration. Principal of schools for 20 years. Chairman of the Blackbutt and Benarkin Aged Care Association and Bloomin Beautiful

Blackbutt Festival Inc. Justice of the Peace.

Special responsibilities: Grnats Program, Sponsorship

and Marketing

Interests in shares: 10,667

Terence Edward Dhann

Director (Resigned 5 April 2011)

Age: 66 Councillor

Business Management/Police Force Special responsibilities: Buildings

Interests in shares: 1,168

Company Secretary

David Robison was appointed to the position of company secretary on 7 December 2010, replacing Ross Begent who had been the company secretary since the company's establishment. David has many years experience in the financial industry, managing several large offices within a finance company.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the company during the course of the financial year were in facilitating **Community Bank®** services under management rights to operate franchised branches of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

There has been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

Operating Results

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations. The profit/(loss) of the company for the financial year after provision for income tax was:

Year ended 30 June 2011 30 June 2010 \$\frac{\$}{2}\$ (30,010) 31,449

Remuneration Report

No director receives remuneration for services as a company director or committee member.

There are no employees who are directly accountable and have responsibility for the strategic direction and operational management of the entity.

There are therefore no specified executives whose remuneration requires disclosure.

Dividends

No dividends were declared or paid for the previous year and the directors recommend that no dividend be paid for the current year.

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

The directors' moved to have a feasibility study performed to determine the viability of opening a third branch in Nanango. Following positive indications from the feasibility study it was decided to proceed with preparation of a prospectus for the purposes of raising capital for the establishment of the third branch. This decision may affect the operations of the company and the results of those operations or state of affairs of the company in future years.

In the opinion of the directors there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial statements.

Matters Subsequent to the End of the Financial Year

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future years.

Likely Developments

The company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

Environmental Regulation

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

Directors' Benefits

No director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which a director has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in note 20 to the financial statements. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

Indemnification and Insurance of Directors and Officers

The company has indemnified all directors and the manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an auditor of the company or a related body corporate.

Directors Meetings

The number of directors meetings attended by each of the directors of the company during the year were:

Francis Edward Smith
Ross Christopher Begent
James Alan Beveridge
David Francis Robison
David Wayne Emms
Cr Noel Leslie Strohfeld
Brenton Lester McLennan
Jeffrey Bruce Connor
Ross Michael Towell (Appointed 14 February 2011)
Terence Edward Dhann (Resigned 5 April 2011)

Board Meetings Attended				
Eligible Attended				
11	10			
11	9			
11	9			
11	11			
11	9			
11	8			
11	10			
11	9			
5	4			
9	9			

Non Audit Services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin & Stewart) for audit and non audit services provided during the year are set out in the notes to the accounts.

The board of directors has considered the position, in accordance with the advice received from the audit committee and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out in the notes did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality and objectivity
 of the auditor;
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the company, acting as advocate for the company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

Auditors' Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditors' independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 5.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors at Yarraman, Queensland on 19 August 2011.

Francis Edward Smith, Chairman



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the directors of South Burnett Community Enterprises Limited

I declare, that to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2011 there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the review; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

GRAEME STEWART ANDREW FREWIN & STEWART 61-65 Bull Street, Bendigo, 3550

19th August 2011

South Burnett Community Enterprises Limited ABN 57 113 889 768 Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 June 2011

	<u>Notes</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>	2010 <u>\$</u>
Revenues from ordinary activities	4	766,218	690,880
Employee benefits expense		(429,690)	(347,557)
Charitable donations, sponsorship, advertising and promotion		(77,659)	(36,770)
Occupancy and associated costs		(70,762)	(50,991)
Systems costs		(41,162)	(37,729)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5	(44,702)	(28,127)
Finance costs	5	(71)	(20)
General administration expenses		(140,724)	(143,074)
Profit/(loss) before income tax (expense)/credit		(38,552)	46,612
Income tax (expense)/credit	6	8,542	(15,163)
Profit/(loss) after income tax (expense)/credit		(30,010)	31,449
Total comprehensive income for the year		(30,010)	31,449
Earnings per share (cents per share)		<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
- basic for profit for the year		(3.41)	4.60

South Burnett Community Enterprises Limited ABN 57 113 889 768 Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2011

	<u>Notes</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>	2010 <u>\$</u>
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Current tax asset	7 8 11	88,656 69,725 14,022	210,347 71,227 -
Total Current Assets		172,403	281,574
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	9 10 11	333,841 142,373 19,135	359,788 88,054 10,632
Total Non-Current Assets		495,349	458,474
Total Assets		667,752	740,048
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables Current tax liabilities Borrowings Provisions	12 11 13 14	34,683 - - - 35,229	69,516 4,459 12,699 23,790
Total Current Liabilities		69,912	110,464
Non-Current Liabilities			
Provisions	14	17,567	15,959
Total Non-Current Liabilities		17,567	15,959
Total Liabilities		87,479	126,423
Net Assets		580,273	613,625
Equity			
Issued capital Accumulated losses	15 16	681,768 (101,495)	685,110 (71,485)
Total Equity		580,273	613,625

South Burnett Community Enterprises Limited ABN 57 113 889 768 Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 June 2011

	Issued Capital <u>\$</u>	Retained Earnings <u>\$</u>	Total Equity <u>\$</u>				
Balance at 1 July 2009	396,292	(102,934)	293,358				
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>-</u>	31,449	31,449				
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:							
Shares issued during period	311,100	-	311,100				
Costs of issuing shares	(22,282)	-	(22,282)				
Dividends provided for or paid	-	-	-				
Balance at 30 June 2010	685,110	(71,485)	613,625				
Balance at 1 July 2010	685,110	(71,485)	613,625				
Total comprehensive income for the year		(30,010)	(30,010)				
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:							
Shares issued during period	3,250	-	3,250				
Costs of issuing shares	(6,592)	-	(6,592)				
Dividends provided for or paid	-	-	-				
Balance at 30 June 2011	681,768	(101,495)	580,273				

South Burnett Community Enterprises Limited ABN 57 113 889 768 Statement of Cashflows for the Year Ended 30 June 2011

	<u>Notes</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>	2010 <u>\$</u>
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and employees Interest received Interest paid Income taxes paid		824,525 (811,284) 5,565 (71) (18,442)	689,306 (633,709) 6,842 (20)
Net cash provided by operating activities	17	293	62,419
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment Payments for intangible assets		(35,960) (69,983)	(281,752) (20,000)
Net cash used in investing activities		(105,943)	(301,752)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities			
Proceeds from issues of shares Payment for share issue costs		3,250 (6,592)	311,100 (22,282)
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities		(3,342)	288,818
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		(108,992)	49,485
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		197,648	148,163
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	7(a)	88,656	197,648

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standard Boards and the Corporations Act 2001.

Compliance with IFRS

These financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. These areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexities, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

Financial statement presentation

The company has applied revised AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements which became effective on 1 January 2009. The company has elected to present all items of income and expense recognised in the period in a single statement of comprehensive income.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accruals basis as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Comparative figures

Where required by Australian Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Adoption of new and revised Accounting Standards

During the current year the entity has adopted all of the new and revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations applicable to its operations which became mandatory.

The adoption of these standards has impacted the recognition, measurement and disclosure of certain transactions. The following is an explanation of the impact the adoption of these standards and interpretations has had on the financial statements of the company.

AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements

In September 2007 the Australian Accounting Standards Board revised AASB 101, and as a result there have been changes to the presentation and disclosure of certain information within the financial statements. Below is an overview of the key changes and the impact on the company's financial statements.

Disclosure impact

Terminology changes – The revised version of AASB 101 contains a number of terminology changes, including the amendment of the names of the primary financial statements.

Reporting changes in equity – The revised AASB 101 requires all changes in equity arising from transactions with owners in their capacity as owners to be presented separately from non-owner changes in equity. Owner changes in equity are to be presented in the statement of changes in equity, with non-owner changes in equity presented in the statement of comprehensive income. The previous version of AASB 101 required that owner changes in equity and other comprehensive income be presented in the statement of changes in equity.

Statement of comprehensive income – The revised AASB 101 requires all income and expenses to be presented in either one statement, the statement of comprehensive income, or two statements, a separate income statement and a statement of comprehensive income. The previous version of AASB 101 required only the presentation of a single income statement.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

a) Basis of Preparation (continued)

The company's financial statements contain a single statement of comprehensive income.

Other comprehensive income – The revised version of AASB 101 introduces the concept of "other comprehensive income" which comprises of income and expense that are not recognised in profit or loss as required by other Australian Accounting Standards. Items of other comprehensive income are to be disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income. Entities are required to disclose the income tax relating to each component of other comprehensive income. The previous version of AASB 101 did not contain an equivalent concept.

New Accounting Standards for application in future periods

The AASB has issued new and amended accounting standards and interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods, as follows:

- AASB 9: Financial Instruments and AASB 2009-11: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 [AASB 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 101, 102, 108, 112, 118, 121, 127, 128, 131, 132, 136, 139, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 10 & 12] (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2013)
- AASB 2009-12: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards [AASBs 5, 8, 108, 110, 112, 119, 133, 137, 139, 1023 & 1031 and Interpretations 2, 4, 16, 1039 & 1052] (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2011)

These standards are applicable retrospectively and amend the classification and measurement of financial assets. The company has determined these amendments will have no impact on the preparation of the financial statements and therefore they have not been applied.

Economic dependency - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited that governs the management of the Community Bank® branch at Yarraman and Blackbutt Queensland.

The branch operates as a franchise of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. The company manages the **Community Bank®** branch on behalf of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, however all transactions with customers conducted through the **Community Bank®** branches are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

All deposits are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, must be approved by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all credit products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the **Community Bank®** branch franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support, and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice in relation to:

- · advice and assistance in relation to the design, layout and fit out of the Community Bank® branch;
- training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol;
- methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services;
- · security and cash logistic controls;
- · calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs; and
- sales techniques and proper customer relations.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of the financial statements. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

b) Revenue

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefit will flow to the company and any specific criteria have been met. Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognised on a net basis and is classified as income rather than revenue. All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenue calculation

The franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited provides for three types of revenue earned by the company. First, the company is entitled to 50% of the monthly gross margin earned by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited on products and services provided through the company that are regarded as "day to day" banking business (ie 'margin business'). This arrangement also means that if the gross margin reflects a loss (that is, the gross margin is a negative amount), the company effectively incurs, and must bear, 50% of that loss.

The second source of revenue is commission paid by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited on the other products and services provided through the company (ie 'commission business'). The commission is currently payable on various specified products and services, including insurance, financial planning, common fund, Sandhurst Select, superannuation, commercial loan referrals, products referred by Rural Bank, leasing referrals, fixed loans and certain term deposits (>90 days). The amount of commission payable can be varied in accordance with the Franchise Agreement (which, in some cases, permits commissions to be varied at the discretion of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited). This discretion has be exercised on several occasions previously. For example in February 2011 Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited reduced commissions on two core banking products to ensure a more even distribution of income between Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and its **Community Bank®** partners. The revenue share model is subject to regular review to ensure that the interests of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and **Community Bank®** companies remain balanced.

The third source of revenue is a proportion of the fees and charges (ie, what are commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges') charged to customers. This proportion, determined by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, may vary between products and services and may be amended by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited from time to time.

c) Income Tax

Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method on temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of a business combination) which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the consolidated entity expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the company entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

c) Income Tax (continued)

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the statement of comprehensive income, except when it relates to items credited or debited to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill or excess.

d) Employee Entitlements

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income as incurred.

e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

f) Trade Receivables and Payables

Receivables are carried at their amounts due. The collectability of debts is assessed at balance date and specific provision is made for any doubtful accounts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

g) Property, Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment, leasehold improvements and equipment under finance lease are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item. In the event that settlement of all or part of the purchase consideration is deferred, cost is determined by discounting the amounts payable in the future to their present value as at the date of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its expected useful life to its estimated residual value. Leasehold improvements are depreciated at the rate equivalent to the available building allowance using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method is reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period.

The following estimated useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

leasehold improvements
 plant and equipment
 furniture and fittings
 40 years
 2.5 - 40 years
 4 - 40 years

h) Intangibles

The franchise fee paid to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the franchise agreement.

The establishment fee paid to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited when renewing the franchise agreement has also been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the franchise agreement.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

i) Payment Terms

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days.

j) Borrowings

All loans are initially measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

k) Financial Instruments

Recognition and initial measurement

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities, are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

Classification and subsequent measurement

- (i) Loans and receivables
 - Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.
- (ii) Held-to-maturity investments
 - Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the entity's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.
- (iii) Financial liabilities
 - Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Impairment

At each reporting date, the entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

I) Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership are transferred to the company are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term. Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred. Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions of other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

n) Contributed Equity

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

o) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

p) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are classified as operating cash flows.

Note 2. Financial Risk Management

The company's activities expose it to a limited variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the entity. The entity does not use derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the board of directors.

(i) Market risk

The company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

(ii) Price risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

(iii) Credit risk

The company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that customers have an appropriate credit history. The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding from credit facilities. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

(v) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest-bearing assets are held with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

Note 2. Financial Risk Management (continued)

(vi) Capital management

The board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The board of directors monitor the return on capital and the level of dividends to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the balance sheet.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period, the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

- (i) the distribution limit is the greater of:
- (a) 20% of the profit or funds of the franchisee otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
- (b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the franchisee over that 12 month period; and
- (ii) the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2011 can be seen in the statement of comprehensive income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

Note 3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Management has identified the following critical accounting policies for which significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are made. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions and may materially affect financial results or the financial position reported in future periods.

Further details of the nature of these assumptions and conditions may be found in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

Taxation

Judgement is required in assessing whether deferred tax assets and certain tax liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from un-recouped tax losses, capital losses and temporary differences, are recognised only where it is considered more likely than not that they will be recovered, which is dependent on the generation of sufficient future taxable profits.

Assumptions about the generation of future taxable profits depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. These depend on estimates of future sales volumes, operating costs, capital expenditure, dividends and other capital management transactions. Judgements are also required about the application of income tax legislation.

These judgements and assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty, hence there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations, which may impact the amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities recognised on the balance sheet and the amount of other tax losses and temporary differences not yet recognised. In such circumstances, some or all of the carrying amount of recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities may require adjustment, resulting in corresponding credit or charge to the statement of comprehensive income.

Note 3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (continued)

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The estimation of the useful lives of assets has been based on historical experience and the condition of the asset is assessed at least once per year and considered against the remaining useful life. Adjustments to useful lives are made when considered necessary.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the company's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired branch/agency at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisition is included in intangible assets. Goodwill is not amortised. Instead, goodwill is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

The calculations require the use of assumptions.

Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the consolidated entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

Note 4. Revenue from Ordinary Activities	2011 <u>\$</u>	2010 <u>\$</u>
Operating activities: - services commissions	761,435	683,693
Total revenue from operating activities	761,435	683,693
Non-operating activities: - interest received	4,783	7,187
Total revenue from non-operating activities	4,783	7,187
Total revenues from ordinary activities	766,218	690,880

Note 5. Expenses		2011 <u>\$</u>	2010 <u>\$</u>
Depreciation of non-current assets:			
- plant and equipment		13,737	5,875
- leasehold improvements		15,301	8,032
Amortisation of non-current assets:			
- franchise agreement		2,022	12,000
- franchise establishment/renewal fee	_	13,642	2,220
	_	44,702	28,127
Finance costs:			
- interest paid		71	20
Bad debts		2 440	900
bad depts	_	3,418	899
Note 6. Income Tax Expense			
The components of tax expense comprise:			
- Current tax		-	4,459
- Future income tax benefit attributed to losses		(3,435)	-
Movement in deferred tax Recoupment of prior year tax loss		(5,068)	(3,207) 13,911
- Over provision of tax in the prior period		(39)	-
	-	(8,542)	15,163
The prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense/(credit) as follows:			
Operating profit		(38,552)	46,612
Prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities at 30%		(11,565)	14,023
Add tax effect of:		4.000	4.000
 non-deductible expenses timing difference expenses 		4,699 5,068	4,266 3,206
- other deductible expenses		(1,637)	(3,125)
	_	(3,435)	18,370
Management in defended by	44	(F.000)	(0.007)
Movement in deferred tax Over provision of tax in the prior period	11	(5,068) (39)	(3,207)
	•	(8,542)	15,163
	_	(0,0 12)	70,100
Note 7. Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Cash at bank and on hand		32,830	61,063
Term deposits		55,826	149,284
		88,656	210,347
	-		
The above figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cashflows as follows:			
Note 7.(a) Reconciliation of cash			
Cash at bank and on hand		32,830	61,063
Term deposits		55,826	149,284
Bank overdraft	13	-	(12,699)
	_	88,656	197,648

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Note 8. Trade and Other Receivables	2011 <u>\$</u>	2010 <u>\$</u>
Trade receivables		
Other receivables and accruals	59,989 462	49,123 1,444
Prepayments	9,274	20,660
	69,725	71,227
Note 9. Property, Plant and Equipment		
Plant and equipment		
At cost	95,867	93,774
Less accumulated depreciation	(24,479)	(10,742)
	71,388	83,032
Leasehold improvements	004.040	000.044
At cost Less accumulated depreciation	294,810 (32,357)	293,811 (17,055)
	262,453	276,756
Total written down amount	333,841	359,788
Movements in carrying amounts:		
Plant and equipment Carrying amount at beginning	83,032	8,056
Additions	2,093	80,851
Less: depreciation expense	(13,737)	(5,875)
Carrying amount at end	71,388	83,032
Leasehold improvements		
Carrying amount at beginning Additions	276,756 999	39,697 245,091
Less: depreciation expense	(15,302)	(8,032)
Carrying amount at end	262,453	276,756
Total written down amount	333,841	359,788
		
Note 10. Intangible Assets		
Franchise fee		
At cost Less: accumulated amortisation	72,130 (62,022)	60,000 (60,000)
	10,108	-
Establishment/Renewal processing fee At cost	77,853	20,000
Less: accumulated amortisation	(15,862)	(2,220)
	61,991	17,780
Goodwill	70,274	70,274
Total written down amount	142,373	88,054

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Note 11. Tax	2011 <u>\$</u>	2010 <u>\$</u>
Current:		
Income tax payable/(refundable)	(14,022)	4,459
Non-Current:		
Deferred tax assets - employee provisions - tax losses carried forward	15,839 3,435	11,925 -
	19,274	11,925
Deferred tax liability - accruals - deductible prepayments	139 -	373 920
	139	1,293
Net deferred tax asset	19,135	10,632
Movement in deferred tax charged/(credited) to statement of comprehensive income	(8,503)	10,704
Note 12. Trade and Other Payables		
Trade creditors Other creditors and accruals	31,383 3,300	60,785 8,731
	34,683	69,516
Note 13. Borrowings		
Current:		
Bank overdrafts	-	12,699
		12,699
Note 14. Provisions		
Current:		
Provision for annual leave	35,229	23,790
Non-Current:		
Provision for long service leave	17,567	15,959
Number of employees at year end	6	5

Note 15. Contributed Equity	2011 <u>\$</u>	2010 <u>\$</u>
881,128 Ordinary shares fully paid (2010: 880,878)	739,350	736,100
Less: equity raising expenses	(57,582) 681,768	(50,990) 685,110

Rights attached to shares

(a) Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the **Community Bank®** have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

(b) Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

(c) Transfer

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares.

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the Corporations Act.

Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if they control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company (the "10% limit").

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and his or her associates) have a prohibited shareholding interest, are suspended.

The board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

South Burnett Community Enterprises Limited ABN 57 113 889 768

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Note 16. Accumulated Losses	2011 <u>\$</u>	2010 \$
Balance at the beginning of the financial year Net profit from ordinary activities after income tax	(71,485) (30,010)	(102,934) 31,449
Balance at the end of the financial year	(101,495)	(71,485)
Note 17. Statement of Cashflows		
Reconciliation of profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after tax to net cash provided by operating activities		
Profit from ordinary activities after income tax	(30,010)	31,449
Non cash items:		
- depreciation - amortisation	29,038 15,664	13,907 14,220
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
 - (increase)/decrease in receivables - (increase)/decrease in other assets - increase/(decrease) in payables - increase/(decrease) in provisions - increase/(decrease) in current tax liabilities 	1,502 (8,503) (1,964) 13,047 (18,481)	(13,203) 10,704 (10,149) 11,032 4,459
Net cashflows provided by operating activities	293	62,419
Note 18. Leases		
Operating lease commitments Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements Payable - minimum lease payments		
- not later than 12 months - between 12 months and 5 years	41,069 106,652	9,079 11,629
- greater than 5 years	147,721	20,708
The lease on the Yarraman branch premises is a non-cancellable lease with a five-year term which expires in 2015. Annual rent is currently \$32,560 plus GST.		20,700
The lease on the Blackbutt branch premises is a non-cancellable lease with a five-year term which expires in November 2012. An option to renew the lease for a further 5 term is available. Annual rent is currently \$8,509 plus GST.		
Note 19. Auditors' Remuneration		
Amounts received or due and receivable by the auditor of the company for:		
- audit and review services	4,500	4,500
share registry servicesnon audit services	1,897 6,310	3,097 12,568
	12,707	20,165

Note 20. Director and Related Party Disclosures

The names of directors who have held office during the financial year are:

Francis Edward Smith

Ross Christopher Begent

James Alan Beveridge

David Francis Robison

David Wayne Emms

Cr Noel Leslie Strohfeld

Brenton Lester McLennan

Jeffrey Bruce Connor

Ross Michael Towell (Appointed 14 February 2011)

Terence Edward Dhann (Resigned 5 April 2011)

Except for James Beveridge and Ross Towell, no director or related entity has entered into a material contract with the company. No director's fees have been paid as the positions are held on a voluntary basis.

James Beveridge is a director at Beveridge Carey Accountants Pty Ltd which supplied the company with accounting and taxation services during the financial year. During the financial year the total benefit received by Beveridge Carey Accountants Pty Ltd was \$17,622 (2010:\$17,010).

David Emms runs a building contractor business which provided services to the company by attending, supervising and obtaining council certification for the erection of Community Bank signs in Yarraman and Blackbutt. The amount received for these services was \$1,000 (2010:\$0).

Ross Towell is the owner/editor of Country Focus newspaper which provided advertising for the company during the financial year. During the financial year the total benefit received by Country Focus was \$3,282 (2010:\$0).

Directors Shareholdings	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Francis Edward Smith	11,344	11,344
Ross Christopher Begent	4,502	4,502
James Alan Beveridge	3,000	3,000
David Francis Robison	6,417	5,667
David Wayne Emms	1,336	1,336
Cr Noel Leslie Strohfeld	2,003	2,003
Brenton Lester McLennan	22,334	21,667
Jeffrey Bruce Connor	10,667	10,667
Ross Michael Towell (Appointed 14 February 2011)	-	-
Terence Edward Dhann (Resigned 5 April 2011)	1,168	1,168

Note 21. Dividends Paid or Provided

a. Dividends paid during the year

No dividends were declared or paid for the previous year and the directors recommend that no dividend be paid for the current year.

b.	Franking account balance	2011 <u>\$</u>	2010 <u>\$</u>
	Franking credits available for subsequent reporting periods are:		
	- franking account balance as at the end of the financial year	18,443	-
	- franking debits that will arise from a refund of income tax as at the end of the financial year	(14,022)	4,459
	 franking debits that will arise from the payment of dividends recognised as a liability at the end of the financial year 		
	Franking credits available for future financial reporting periods:	4,421	4,459
	 franking debits that will arise from payment of dividends proposed or declared before the financial report was authorised for use but not recognised as a distribution to equity holders during the period 		<u>-</u>
	Net franking credits available	4,421	4,459

Note 22. Key Management Personnel Disclosures

No director of the company receives remuneration for services as a company director or committee member.

There are no executives within the company whose remuneration is required to be disclosed.

Note 23. Earnings Per Share	2011 <u>\$</u>	2010 <u>\$</u>
(a) Profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating earnings per share	(30,010)	31,449
(b) 18/ sighted assessment and auditors above used as the	Number	Number
(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	880,701	684,309

Note 24. Events Occurring After the Balance Sheet Date

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

Note 25. Contingent Liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

Note 26. Segment Reporting

The economic entity operates in the service sector where it facilitates **Community Bank®** services in Yarraman and Blackbutt, Queensland pursuant to a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

Note 27. Registered Office/Principal Place of Business

The registered office and principal place of business is:

Registered Office 23 Toomey Street YARRAMAN QLD 4614 Principal Place of Business 23 Toomey Street YARRAMAN QLD 4614

South Burnett Community Enterprises Limited ABN 57 113 889 768

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Note 28. Financial Instruments

Net Fair Values

The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the balance sheet. The company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at the year end.

Credit Risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements.

There are no material credit risk exposures to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the economic entity.

Interest Rate Risk

				Fixe	d interest r	Fixed interest rate maturing in	g in					
Financial	Floating interest	nterest	1 year or less	or less	Over 1 t	Over 1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	years	Non interest bearing	t bearing	Weighted	Weighted average
instrument	rate										effective ir	effective interest rate
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
	\$	s	s	\$	₩.	₩	₩	\$	\$	\$	%	%
Financial Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	32,388	107,299	55,826	149,284	•	-	ı	•	442	338	3.88	3.37
Receivables	-	1	ı	1	1	-	•	-	686'69	49,123	N/A	N/A
Financial Liabilities					ļ	1						
Interest bearing liabilities	-	12,699	1	. 1	•	1	-	-	-	1	N/A	0.04
Payables	-	-	1	-	1	-	•	•	31,383	60,800	N/A	N/A

South Burnett Community Enterprises Limited ABN 57 113 889 768 Directors' Declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of South Burnett Community Enterprises Limited, we state that:

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the company are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2011 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) the audited remuneration disclosures set out in the remuneration report section of the directors' report comply with Accounting Standard AASB124 Related Party Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors.

Francis Edward Smith, Chairman

Signed on the 19th of August 2011.



Independent Auditor's Report To The Members Of South Burnett Community Enterprises Limited

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of South Burnett Community Enterprises Limited, which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2011, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes and the Directors' Declaration.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making fair accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In note 1, the directors also state in accordance with the Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These auditing standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and Australian Accounting Standards, a true and fair view which is consistent with our understanding of the company's financial position and of its performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation. ABN: 51 061 795 337.

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Independence

In conducting our audit we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. We have given to the directors of the company a written Auditor's Independence Declaration, a copy of which is included in the Directors' Report. In addition to our audit of the financial report and the remuneration disclosures, we were engaged to undertake the services disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The provision of these services has not impaired our independence.

Auditor's Opinion on the Financial Report

In our opinion:

- 1) The financial report of South Burnett Community Enterprises Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2011 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended and complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- 2) The financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2011. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of South Burnett Community Enterprises Limited for the year ended 30 June 2011, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

GRAEME STEWART

ANDREW FREWIN & STEWART

61-65 Bull Street, Bendigo, 3550

19th August 2011