## Yarraman Financial Services Limited

**Financial Statements** 

as at

30 June 2008

Your Directors submit the financial report of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2008.

### **Directors**

The names and details of the company's directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year:

**David Wayne Emms** 

Chairman Age: 63 Manufacturer

Building construction/product design

Chairman, Marketing & Sponsorship Committee

Interests in shares: 1,001

John Henry Harwood (Resigned 31 March 2008)

Treasurer Age: 71 Retiree

Corporate Administration Chairman: Audit Committee Interests in shares: 1,500

**Terence Edward Dhann** 

Vice Chairman Age: 64 Councillor

Business Management/Police Force Chairman: Building Committee Interests in shares: 501

**Keith Roy Carroll** 

Director Age: 74 Retiree

Banking & Finance

Past Treasurer/Assists Chairman Interests in shares: 1,501

Lee Ryan Evans (Appointed 3 June 08)

Director Age: 51

Caravan Park Owner/Operator

Past marine engineer and naval officer. Special responsibilities: Marketing committee

Interests in shares: 500

Peter McDade (Appointed 24 July 2007)

Director Age: 61 Retiree

Marketing & Finance

Special responsibilities: Marketing committee

Interests in shares: nil

**Ross Christopher Begent** 

Company Secretary

Age: 55

**Economic Development Officer** 

Business Management/Economic Development

Chairman: Corporate Governance

Interests in Shares: 2,001

Jennifer Eileen Hunter (Resigned 2 July 2007)

Director Age: 47

Primary Producer/Business Tutor Bookkeeping & Administration Chairperson: Budget Committee Interests in shares: 1,000

Cr Noel Leslie Strohfeld

Director Age: 67

Grazier & Agricultural Supplier

Councillor, Business Proprietor/Importer

Chairman: Project Committee Interests in shares: 501

Frank E Smith (Appointed 9 July 2007)

Director Age: 68 Retiree

Exporter of livestock meat

Special responsibilities: Budgeting & strategic planning

Interest in shares: 1,000

James Alan Beveridge (Appointed 3 June 2008)

Treasurer Age: 33 Accountant

Chartered Accountant working in public practice

Chairman: Audit Committee Interests in shares: Nil.

Brenton Lester McLennan (Appointed 9 July 2007)

Director Age: 57 Electrician

Electrician with own company Property & Building committee Interests in shares: 500

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No Directors have material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the company.

### **Company Secretary**

Ross Begent has been the Company Secretary of Yarraman Financial Services Limited since its establishment. His qualifications and experience include being the voluntary Secretary of a major employment organisation, Director of a State Government small business agency and adviser on business policy and support programmes. He is employed as an Economic Development Officer and has been appointed as a Community Bank Mentor by Bendigo Bank

### Principal activities

The principal activities of the company during the course of the financial year were in facilitating community banking services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo Bank Limited.

There has been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

### **Operating Results**

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations. The profit/(loss) of the company for the financial year after provision for income tax was:

Year ended	Year ended
30 June 2008	30 June 2007
<u>\$</u> *	<u>\$</u>
39,712	(20,816)

### **Remuneration Report**

No Director receives remuneration for services as a Company Director or Committee Member.

There are no employees who are directly accountable and have responsibility for the strategic direction and operational management of the entity.

There are therefore no specified Executives whose remuneration requires disclosure.

### **Dividends**

No dividends were declared or paid for the previous year and the directors recommend that no dividend be paid for the current year.

### Significant changes in the state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial report.

### Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future years.

### **Likely Developments**

The company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

### **Environmental Regulation**

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

### **Directors' Benefits**

No Director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a Director, a firm which a Director is a member or an entity in which a Director has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in note 17 to the financial statements. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

### Indemnification and Insurance of Directors and Officers

The company has indemnified all Directors and the Manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as Directors or Manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an auditor of the company or a related body corporate.

### **Directors Meetings**

The number of Directors meetings attended by each of the Directors of the company during the year were:

	Number of Board Meetings eligible to attend	Number attended
David Wayne Emms	11	8
Ross Christopher Begent	11	9
John Henry Harwood (Resigned 31 March 2008)	8	8
Jennifer Eileen Hunter (Resigned 2 July 2007)	0	0
Cr Noel Leslie Strohfeld	11	6
Terence Edward Dhann	11	9
Keith Roy Carroll	11	9
Frank E Smith (Appointed 9 July 2007)	10	8
Lee Ryan Evans (Appointed 3 June 08)	0	0
James Alan Beveridge (Appointed 3 June 2008)	0	0
Peter McDade (Appointed 24 July 2007)	10	5
Brenton Lester McLennan (Appointed 9 July 2007)	10	10

### **Non Audit Services**

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the Auditor (Andrew Frewin & Stewart) for audit and non audit services provided during the year are set out in the notes to the accounts.

The board of directors has considered the position, in accordance with the advice received from the audit committee and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out in the notes did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

all non-audit services have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor;

none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in Professional Statement F1, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the company, acting as advocate for the company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

### Auditors' independence declaration

A copy of the auditors' independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 5.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors at Yarraman, Queensland on 18 September 2008.

David Wayne Emms, Chairman

Ross Christopher Begent, Secretary



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### Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the directors of Yarraman Financial Services Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2008 there have been:

- > no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- > no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

**David Hutchings Auditor** 

Andrew Frewin & Stewart Bendigo, Victoria

Dated this 18 day of Sentember 2008

### Yarraman Financial Services Limited ABN 57 113 889 768 Income Statement for the year ended 30 June 2008

	Notes	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
Revenues from ordinary activities	3	419,529	301,120
Salaries and employee benefits expense		(206,402)	(177,359)
Advertising and promotion expenses		(15,049)	(9,308)
Occupancy and associated costs		(34,879)	(30,624)
Systems costs		(24,415)	(26,064)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	4	(16,171)	(14,630)
General administration expenses		(71,577)	(68,818)
Profit/(loss) before income tax expense/credit		51,036	(25,683)
Income tax expense/credit	5	(11,324)	4,867
Profit/(loss) for the period		39,712	(20,816)
Profit/(loss) attributable to members of the entity		39,712	(20,816)
Earnings per share (cents per share)		<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
- basic for profit for the year	21	9.34	(4.90)

### Yarraman Financial Services Limited ABN 57 113 889 768 Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2008

	Notes	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash assets Trade and other receivables	6 7	119,815 44,856	64,951 27,810
Total Current Assets		164,671	92,761
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	8 9 10	44,933 94,274 38,782	41,396 106,274 50,106
Total Non-Current Assets		177,989	197,776
Total Assets		342,660	290,537
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables Provisions	11 12	32,319 16,531	23,665 16,922
Total Current Liabilities		48,850	40,587
Non-Current Liabilities			
Provisions	12	4,148	-
Total Non-Current Liabilities		4,148	-
Total Liabilities		52,998	40,587
Net Assets		289,662	249,950
Equity			
Issued capital Accumulated losses	13 14	401,292 (111,630)	401,292 (151,342)
Total Equity		289,662	249,950

### Yarraman Financial Services Limited ABN 57 113 889 768 Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2008

	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
Total equity at the beginning of the period	249,950	270,766
Net profit/(loss) for the period	39,712	(20,816)
Net income/expense recognised directly in equity	-	-
Dividends provided for or paid	-	-
Shares issued during period	-	-
Total equity at the end of the period	289,662	249,950

### Yarraman Financial Services Limited ABN 57 113 889 768 Statement of Cashflows for the year ended 30 June 2008

	<u>Notes</u>	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and employees Interest received		408,786 (349,406) 3,192	318,214 (334,105) 3,125
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	15	62,572	(12,766)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(7,708)	(15,429)
Net cash used in investing activities		(7,708)	(15,429)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		54,864	(28,195)
Cash at the beginning of the financial year		64,951	93,146
Cash at the end of the financial year	6(a)	119,815	64,951

### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

### Basis of preparation

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001.

Compliance with IFRS

Australian Accounting Standards include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). These financial statements and notes comply with IFRS.

Historical cost convention

The financial report has been prepared under the historical cost conventions on an accruals basis as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

### Revenue

Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST). The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognised on a net basis and is classified as income rather than revenue.

### Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable for the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operation cash flows.

### Income tax

### Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or tax loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using the comprehensive balance sheet liability method on temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of a business combination) which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the consolidated entity expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the company/consolidated entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the income statement, except when it relates to items credited or debited to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill or excess.

### **Employee entitlements**

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income as incurred.

### Intangibles

The cost of the company's franchise fee has been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis at a rate of 20% per annum.

### Cash

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### Comparative figures

Where required by Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

### Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment, leasehold improvements and equipment under finance lease are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item. In the event that settlement of all or part of the purchase consideration is deferred, cost is determined by discounting the amounts payable in the future to their present value as at the date of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its expected useful life to its estimated residual value. Leasehold improvements are depreciated at the rate equivalent to the available building allowance using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method is reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period.

The following estimated useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

- leasehold improvements

40 years

- plant and equipment

2.5 - 40 years

- furniture and fittings

4 - 40 years

### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the company's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired branch/agency at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisition is included in intangible assets. Goodwill is not amortised. Instead, goodwill is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. Each of those cash-generating units represents the company's investment in each branch.

### **Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements**

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are set out below:

### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (continued)

Estimated Impairment of Goodwill

The Company tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 1(above). The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of assumptions.

### Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the consolidated entity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the consolidated entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. An impairment of goodwill is not subsequently reversed.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

### Payment terms

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days.

### **Trade Receivables and Payables**

Receivables are carried at their amounts due. The collectability of debts is assessed at balance date and specific provision is made for any doubtful accounts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

### **Borrowings**

All loans are initially measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

### Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions of other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### **Contributed Equity**

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

### Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

### 2. Financial Risk Management

The company's activities expose it to a limited variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the entity. The entity does not use derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the Board of Directors.

### (i) Market Risk

The company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

### (ii) Price Risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

### (iii) Credit Risk

The company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that customers have an appropriate credit history. The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo Bank Limited.

### (iv) Liquidity Risk

Prudent liquidity management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding from credit facilities. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

### (v) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest-bearing assets are held with Bendigo Bank Limited and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

3. Revenue from ordinary activities		2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
Operating activities: - services commissions		415,227	297,470
Total revenue from operating activities		415,227	297,470
Non-operating activities: - interest received		4,302	3,650
Total revenue from non-operating activities		4,302	3,650
Total revenues from ordinary activities		419,529	301,120
4. Expenses			
Depreciation of non-current assets: - plant and equipment - leasehold improvements		1,315 2,856	901 1,729
Amortisation of non-current assets: - franchise agreement		12,000 16,171	12,000 14,630
Bad debts		410	-
5. Income tax expense			
The components of tax expense comprise: - Deferred tax on provisions - Recoupment of prior year tax losses		(5,974) 17,298 11,324	4,867 4,867
The prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:			
Operating profit/(loss)		51,036	(25,683)
Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 30%		15,311	(7,705)
Add tax effect of: - non-deductible expenses - timing differences - blackhole expenses		3,600 (190) (1,423)	3,600 660 (1,423)
Current tax Movement in deferred tax	10.	17,298 (5,974)	(4,868)
		11,324	(4,868)

	2008	2007
6. Cash assets	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Cash at bank and on hand	21,158	24,156
Term deposits	98,657 119,815	40,795 64,951
	119,013	04,001
The above figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cashflows as follows:		
6(a) Reconciliation of cash		
Cash at bank and on hand	21,158	24,156
Term deposit	98,657 119,815	40,795 64,951
	119,010	04,001
7. Trade and other receivables		
Trade receivables	34,836	24,658
Prepayments	6,305	3,152
Other	3,715	- 27.010
	44,856	27,810
8. Property, plant and equipment		
Plant and equipment		
At cost	8,624	8,169
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(3,144)</u> – 5,480	(1,829) 6,340
Leasehold improvements		
At cost	45,463	38,210
Less accumulated depreciation	(6,010)	(3,154) 35,056
	39,453	35,050
Total written down amount	44,933	41,396
Movements in carrying amounts:		
Plant and equipment		
Carrying amount at beginning	6,340	5,760
Additions	455	1, <b>4</b> 81
Less: depreciation expense	<u>(1,315)</u> 5,480	(901) 6,340
Carrying amount at end		0,040
Leasehold improvements		
Carrying amount at beginning	35,056	22,838
Additions Less: depreciation expense	7,253 (2,856)	13,947 (1,729)
Carrying amount at end	39,453	35,056
T. I. I. Was down amount	44.000	41,396
Total written down amount	44,933	41,380

	2008	2007
9. Intangible assets	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Franchise Fee		
At cost	60,000	60,000
Less: accumulated amortisation	(36,000)	(24,000)
Goodwill	70,274	70,274
	24,000	106,274
10. Deferred Tax		
Deferred Tax Asset	50,106	45,239
Opening Balance     Future income tax benefits attributable to losses	-	4,867
Recoupment of prior year tax losses	(17,298)	· <b>-</b>
Deferred tax on provisions	5,974	_
- Closing Balance	38,782	50,106
11. Trade and other payables		
Trade creditors	28,308	20,665
Other creditors & accruals	3,510	3,000
onto dioutiono di doci dallo	31,818	23,665
12. Provisions		
O manuf		
Current Employee provisions	16,531	16,922
Employee provisions		,
Non-Current		
Employee provisions	4,148	-
Number of employees at year end	4	4
13. Contributed equity		
425,000 Ordinary shares fully paid of \$1 each (2007: 425,000)	425,000	425,000
Less: equity raising expenses	(23,708)	(23,708)
	401,292	401,292
14. Accumulated losses		
Relance at the heginning of the financial year	(151,342)	(130,526)
Balance at the beginning of the financial year  Net profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after income tax	39,712	(20,816)
Balance at the end of the financial year	(111,630)	(151,342)
•		

15. Statement of cashflows	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
Reconciliation of loss from ordinary activities after tax to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities		
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities after income tax	39,712	(20,816)
Non cash items: - depreciation - amortisation	4,171 12,000	2,630 12,000
Changes in assets and liabilities: - (increase)/decrease in receivables - (increase)/decrease in other assets - increase/(decrease) in payables -increase/(decrease) in provisions Net cashflows provided by/(used in) operating activities	(17,046) 11,324 8,154 3,757 62,072	(8,114) (4,867) 3,620 2,781 (12,766)
16. Auditors' remuneration		
Amounts received or due and receivable by the auditor of the company for: - audit & review services - non audit services	4,000 1,400 5,400	4,000 2,345 6,345

### 17. Director and related party disclosures

The names of directors who have held office during the financial year are:

David Wayne Emms

Ross Christopher Begent

John Henry Harwood (Resigned 31 March 2008)

Jennifer Eileen Hunter (Resigned 2 July 2007)

Cr Noel Leslie Strohfeld

Terence Edward Dhann

Keith Roy Carroll

Frank E Smith (Appointed 9 July 2007)

Lee Ryan Evans (Appointed 3 June 08)

James Alan Beveridge (Appointed 3 June 2008)

Peter McDade (Appointed 24 July 2007)

Brenton Lester McLennan (Appointed 9 July 2007)

No director or related entity has entered into a material contract with the company. No director's fees have been paid as the positions are held on a voluntary basis.

### 17. Director and Related party disclosures (continued)

Directors shareholdings	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
David Wayne Emms	1,001	1,001
Ross Christopher Begent	2,001	2,001
John Henry Harwood (Resigned 31 March 2008)	1,500	1,500
Jennifer Eileen Hunter (Resigned 2 July 2007)	1,000	1,000
Cr Noel Leslie Strohfeld	501	501
Terence Edward Dhann	501	501
Keith Roy Carroll	1,501	1,501
Frank E Smith (Appointed 9 July 2007)	1,000	1,000
Lee Ryan Evans (Appointed 3 June 08)	500	500
James Alan Beveridge (Appointed 3 June 2008)	-	-
Peter McDade (Appointed 24 July 2007)	-	-
Brenton Lester McLennan (Appointed 9 July 2007)	500	500

There was no movement in directors shareholdings during the year. Each share held is valued at \$1.

18. Earnings per share	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
(a) Profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating earnings per share	39,712	(20,816)
	2008 <u>Number</u>	2007 <u>Number</u>
(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	425,000	425,000

### 19. Events occurring after the balance sheet date

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

### 20. Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

### 21. Segment reporting

The economic entity operates in the service sector where it facilitates community banking services pursuant to a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank Limited. The economic entity operates in one geographic area being Yarraman district of Queensland.

### 22. Registered office/Principal place of business

The registered office and principal place of business is:

Registered office 23 Toomey Street YARRAMAN QLD 4614 Principal place of business 23 Toomey Street YARRAMAN QLD 4614

# Yarraman Financial Services Limited ABN 57 113 889 768

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2008

# 23. Financial Instruments

## Net fair values

The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position. The company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at the year end.

### **Credit risk**

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position and notes to the financial statements.

There are no material credit risk exposures to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the economic entity.

# Interest rate risk

				Fixe	Fixed interest rate maturing in	ate maturing	d in						
Financial	Floating	Floating interest	1 year	year or less	Over 1 to 5 years	5 years	Over 5 years	years	Non intere	Non interest bearing		average	
instrument		rate		W 100 cc					·		effective ir	effective interest rate	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	
	₩	↔	<del>s</del>	ક	ક	\$	ઝ	ક્ક	8	s	%	%	
Financial assets	(A												
Cash assets	20,958	27,063	ı	ı		1	1	1	200	200	0.05	0.05	www.morq
Term deposit	1	1	98,657	40,795	1	ı	ı	1	ı	1	4.89	6.10	manusconi (
Receivables	-	1	ı	ı	ı	1	1	-	34,836	27,810	N/A	ΑN	
Financial liabilities	ies												
Payables	-	1	1	1	ı	1	ı		28,308	23,665	N/A	A/A	
			-			THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 2 IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUM							

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Yarraman Financial Services Limited, we state that:

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the company are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2008 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) the audited remuneration disclosures set out in the remuneration report section of the directors' report comply with Accounting Standard AASB174 Related Party Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Ross Christopher Be

Secretary

The Directors have been given the declarations by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer as required by section 295A of the Corporations Act.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

David Wayne Emms, Chairman

Signed on the 18th of September 2008.



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ABN 51 061 795 337

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Yarraman Financial Services Limited

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Yarraman Financial Services Limited, which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2008, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes and the director's declaration.

The company has disclosed information as required by paragraphs Aus 25.4 to Aus 25.7.2 of Accounting Standard 124 Related Party Disclosures ("Remuneration disclosures"), under the heading "Remuneration Report" in the directors' report, as permitted by Corporations Regulation 2M.6.04.

### **Directors Responsibility for the Financial Report**

The Directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In note 1, the directors also state that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards. The directors are also responsible for the remuneration disclosures contained in the director's report.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement and that the remuneration disclosures comply with Accounting Standards AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Independence

In conducting our audit we have met the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. We have given to the directors of the company a written Auditor's Independence Declaration, a copy of which is included in the director's report. In addition to our audit of the financial report and the remuneration disclosures, we were engaged to undertake the services disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The provision of these services has not impaired our independence.

### **Auditor's Opinion**

### In our opinion:

- 1) The financial report is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including giving a true and fair view of the financial position of Yarraman Financial Services Limited as of 30 June 2008 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- 2) The financial report also complies with International financial reporting standards as disclosed in Note 1
- 3) The remuneration disclosures that are contained in the director's report comply with Accounting Standards AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures.

**DAVID HUTCHINGS** 

ANDREW FREWIN & STEWART

61-65 Bull Street, Bendigo, 3550

Dated this 18 day of Sentember

2008