

Annexure 3A

BSX Listing Rules

Half yearly/Yearly Disclosure

References

Version 1, Operative 23/8/2000

Chapter 3, BSX Listing Rules

Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited

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Name of entity						
67 095 766 895	Half yearly (tick)			3	30 June 20)11
ABN, ACN or ARBN	Annual (tick)	V			ncial year Current pe	
Summary						
Sales revenue or operati	ng revenue		[] [\$A,000
·		up	1	6.59%	to	3,218
Profit/(Loss) before abno after tax	mal items and	up	2	1.97%	to	544
Abnormal items before ta	×			· // > *		
			ga	in/(loss) of		-
Profit/(Loss) after tax but equity interests	before outside	up	2	1.97%	to	544
Extraordinary items after to members	tax attributable		gai	in/(loss) of		_
Profit/(Loss) for the period members	d attributable to	ир	21	1.97%	to	544
Dividends (distributions)	Frank	ing rate applical	ble		100%	
Current period		Fi	nal		6.5¢	
		Inter	im		¢	
Previous corresponding p	eriod	Fir	nal		4.5¢	
		Inter	im		¢	
Record date for determining case of a trust distribution	ng entitlements to the)	e dividend, (in th	he		N/A	

Short details of any bonus or cash issue or other items(s) of importance not previously released to BSX:

No issues.

Consolidated profit and loss account

		Previous
	Current period \$A'000	corresponding period \$A'000
Sales revenue or operating revenue	3,218	2,760
Expenses from ordinary activities	(2,428)	(2,119)
Borrowing costs	-	-
Share of net profit/(loss) of associates and joint venture entities	-	-
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities before tax	790	641
Income tax on ordinary activities	(246)	(195)
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities after tax	544	446
Outside equity interests	-	-
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members	544	446
Profit/(Loss) from extraordinary activities after tax attributable to members	-	-
Profit/(Loss) for the period attributable to members	544	446
Retained profits/(Accumulated losses) at the beginning of the financial period	523	209
Net transfers to and from reserves	-	-
Net effect of changes in accounting policies	-	-
Dividends paid or payable	(191)	(132)
Retained profits/(Accumulated losses) at end of financial period	876	523

Profit restated to exclude amortisation of goodwill

	Current period \$A'000	Previous corresponding period \$A'000
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities after tax before outside equity interests and amortisation of goodwill	544	446
Less (plus) outside equity interests	-	-
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities after tax (before amortisation of goodwill) attributable to members	544	446
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Revenue and expenses from operating activities

Details of revenue and expenses	Current period \$A'000	Previous corresponding period \$A'000
Commission Revenue	3,156	2,731
Bank Interest Income	19	28
Other Revenue	43	

Intangible and extraordinary items

-	Consolidated – current period		
	Before tax \$A'000	Related tax \$A'000	After tax \$A'000
Amortisation of goodwill	-	-	_
Amortisation of other intangibles	14	-	14
Total amortisation of intangibles	14	-	14
Extraordinary items (details)	-	-	-
Total extraordinary items	-	-	

Comparison of half year profits (Annual statement only)

	Current year - \$A'000	Previous year - \$A'000
Consolidated profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members reported for the 1 st half year	315	245
Consolidated profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members for the 2 nd half year	229	201

Consolidated balance sheet

Current assets	At end of current period \$A'000	As shown in last annual report \$A'000	As in last half yearly statement \$A'000
Cash	510	827	179
Receivable	284	267	293
Investments	-	-	-
Inventories	-	-	_
Other (provide details if material)	-	-	-
Total current assets	794	1,094	472
Non-current assets			
Receivables	-	-	-
Investments	-	-	-
Other property, plant and equipment (net)	3,038	1,402	2,804
Intangibles (net)	115	10	5
Other (Deferred Tax Asset)	32	22	26
Total non-current assets	3,185	1,434	2,835
Total assets	3,979	2,528	3,307
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	333	67	87
Borrowings	255	90	251
Provisions	91	71	72
Other (current tax liability)	87	157	223
Total current liabilities	766	385	633

Annexure 3A Half Yearly/Yearly Disclosure

Non-current liabilities			
Accounts payable	-	-	-
Borrowings	1,006	300	704
Provisions	32	21	24
Other (provide details if material)	-	-	-
Total non-current liabilities	1,038	321	728
Total liabilities	1,804	706	1,361
Net assets	2,175	1,822	1,946
Equity			
Capital	1,299	1,299	1,299
Reserves	-	-	-
Retained profits/(accumulated losses)	876	523	647
Equity attributable to members of the parent entity	-	-	-
Outside equity interests in controlled entities	-	-	-
Total equity	2,175	1,822	1,946
Preference capital and related premium included	-	-	-

Consolidated statement of cash flows

Cash flows related to operating activities	Current period \$A'000	Previous corresponding period \$A'000
Receipts from customers	3,177	2,728
Payments to suppliers and employees	(2,304)	(1,927)
Dividends received	-	-
Interest and other items of similar nature received	19	28
Interest and other costs of finance paid	(73)	(33)
Income taxes paid	(250)	(195)
Other (provide details if material)	-	-
Net operating cash flows	569	601

Payments for purchases of property, plant and equipment	(1,447)	(49)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	-	18
Payment for purchases of equity investments	-	_
Proceeds from sale of equity investments	-	-
Loans to other entities	-	-
Loans repaid by other entities	-	-
Other (payments for intangible assets)	(119)	-
Net investing cash flows	(1,566)	(31)
Cash flows related to financing activities		
Proceeds from issues of securities (shares, options, etc.)		-
Proceeds from borrowings	1,235	-
Repayment of borrowings	(364)	(82)
Dividends paid	(191)	(132)
Other (provide details if material)	-	-
Net financing cash flows	680	214
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held	(317)	356
Cash at beginning of period (see Reconciliation of cash)	827	471
Exchange rate adjustments	-	-
Cash at end of period (see Reconciliation of cash)	510	827

Current period \$A'000	Previous corresponding period \$A'000
301	48
209	779
-	-
-	-
510	827
Current period	Previous corresponding period
24.5%	23.2%
25.0%	24.5%
Current period	Previous corresponding period
18.56c	15.21c
-	-
Current period	Previous corresponding period
70.26c	62.00c
	\$A'000 301 209 510 Current period 24.5% Current period 18.56c - Current period

Details of specific receipts/outlays, revenues/expenses

The state of the s	Current period A\$'000	Previous corresponding period \$A'000
Interest revenue included	19	28
Interest revenue included but not yet received (if material)	-	-
Interest costs excluded from borrowing costs capitalised in asset values	73	34
Outlays (excepts those arising from the acquisition of an existing business) capitalised in intangibles (if material)	14	12
Depreciation (excluding amortisation of intangibles)	64	65
Other specific relevant items	-	-

Control gained over entities having material effect

Name of entity	Α	
Consolidated profit/(loss) from ordinary activities and extraordinary items after tax of the entity since the date in the current period on which control was acquired		\$-
Date from which such profit has been calculated		-
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities and extraordinary items after tax of the entity for he whole of the previous corresponding period		\$-

Loss of control of entities having material effect

Name of entity	N	/A
Consolidated profit/(loss) from ordina extraordinary items after tax of the enthe date of loss of control		\$-
Date from which the profit/(loss) has I	-	
Consolidated profit/(loss) from ordinal extraordinary items after tax of the en the whole of the previous corresponding	tity while controlled during	\$ -
Contribution to consolidated profit/(los and extraordinary items from sale of in control	es) from ordinary activities nterest leading to loss of	\$-

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Reports for industry and geographical segments

Segments					
Operating Revenue					
Sales to customers outside th	e economic entity				
Inter-segment sales					
Unallocated revenue					
Total revenue					
Segment result					
Unallocated expenses					
Consolidated profit from ordin	ary activities after tax (b	efore equity ac	counting)		
Segment assets Unallocated assets Total assets)))	Comparative data end of the previou			e as at the
Dividends					
Date the dividend is	payable			26/11/1	0
Record date to determine entitlements to the dividend (ie. On the basis of registerable transfers received up to 5.00 pm)					
Amount per security	- ··		-	-	
	Frankli	ng rate applicable	% 	% □	%
(annual report only)					
Final dividend:	Current year	6.5-¢	N/A	-¢	N/A
	Previous year	4.5-¢	¢	-¢	¢
(Half yearly and annual st	tatements)				
Interim dividend:	Current year	-¢	N/A	-¢	N/A
	Previous year	-¢	-¢	-¢	-¢

Annexure 3A Half Yearly/Yearly Disclosure

Total annual dividend (distribution) per security (Annual statement only)		
	Current year	Previous year
Ordinary securities	6.5-¢	4.5¢
Preference securities	-¢	-¢
Total dividend (distribution)		
	Current period \$A'000	Previous corresponding period \$A'000
Ordinary securities	\$191	\$132
Preference securities	\$-	\$-
Total	\$191	\$132
Half yearly report – interim dividend (distribution) on dividend (distribution) on all securities	Current period \$A'000	Previous corresponding period \$A'000
Ordinary securities	\$-	\$-
Preference securities	\$-	\$-
Total	\$-	\$-
The dividend or distribution plans shown below are in operation. The last date(s) for receipt of election notices to the dividend or distribution plans	eration.	
are dividend of distribution plans		
Any other disclosures in relation to dividends (distribution	s)	

Equity accounted associated entities and other material interests

Equity accounting information attributable to the to the economic entity's share of investments in associated entities must be disclosed in a separate notice. See AASB 1016: Disclosure of Information about Investments in Associated Companies.

Entities share of:	Current period A\$'000	Previous corresponding period A\$'000
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities before tax.	-	-
Income tax	-	_
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities after tax	-	-
Extraordinary items net of tax	-	-
Net profit/(loss)	_	-
Outside equity interests	-	-
Net profit/(loss) attributable to members	-	-

Material interests in entities which are not controlled entities. The entity has an interest (that is material to it) in the following entities.

Name of entity	interest held a	e of ownership It end of period or f disposal	Contribution to profit (loss) from ordinary activities and extraordinary items after tax		
Equity accounted associates and joint venture entities	Current period	Previous corresponding period	Current period \$A'000	Previous corresponding period \$A'000	
	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	
	-	-	-	-	
Total	-	-	-	-	
Other material interests	-	-	—	-	
	-	-	-	-	
Total	-	-	-	-	

Issued and listed securitiesDescription includes rate of interest and any redemption or conversion rights together with prices and dates.

Category of securities	Number issued	Number listed	Issue Price (cents)	Paid-up value (cents)
Preference securities (description)	-	-	_	-
Changes during current period	-	-	-	_
Ordinary securities				
Changes during current period	-	_	-	-
Convertible debt securities (description and conversion factor)	-	-	-	-
Changes during current period	-	-	-	~
			Exercise price	Expiry date
Options (description and conversion factor)	-	-	-	-
Changes during current period	-	-	-	-
Exercised during current period	-	-	-	<u>-</u>
Expired during current period	-	-	_	-
Debentures	-	-		
Unsecured Notes	-	-		

Discontinuing Operations

Consolidated profit and loss account

	Contin operat		Discontinuing operations			
	Current period - \$A'000	Previous correspo nding period - \$A'000	Current period - \$A'000	Previous correspon ding period - \$A'000	Current period - \$A'000	Previous correspon ding period - \$A'000
Sales revenue or operation revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenue	_	-	-	-	-	-
Expenses from ordinary activities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit/(loss) before tax	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less tax	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after tax	-	_	-	-	-	-

Consolidated statement of cash flows

	Contin operat	•		ntinuing rations	Tota	l entity
	Current period - \$A'000	Previous correspo nding period - \$A'000	Current period - \$A'000	Previous correspon ding period - \$A'000	Current period - \$A'000	Previous correspon ding period - \$A'000
Net operating cash flows	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-
Net investing cash flows	_	-	-	-	-	-
Net financing cash flows	-	-	-	-	-	-

Annexure 3A Half Yearly/Yearly Disclosure

Other disclosures	Current period A\$'000	Previous corresponding period A\$'000
Carrying amount of items to be disposed of:	-	-
- total assets	-	_
- total liabilities	-	-
Profit/(Loss) on disposal of assets or settlement of liabilities	-	-
Related tax		
Net profit/(loss) on discontinuance	-	-
Description of disposals		
Nil dispos	sals.	

Comments by Directors

Basis of accounts preparation

If this statement is a half yearly statement it should be read in conjunction with the last annual report and any announcements to the market made by the entity during the period.

Material factors affecting the revenues and expenses of the entity for the current period including seasonal or cyclical factors

The company continues to trade in line with expectations and the entity has no material factors that have affected the revenues and expenses to report for the current period.

Annexure 3A Half Yearly/Yearly Disclosure

A description of each event since the end of the current period that has had a material effect and is not related to matters already reported, with financial effect quantified (if possible)				
Nil to report				
Franking credits available and prospects for paying fully of the next year	or partly franked dividends for at least			
\$417,695				
Changes in accounting policies since the last annual reportation years are disclosed as follows.	ort and estimates of amounts reported in			
N/A				
Changes in the amounts of contingent liabilities or assets disclosed as follows.	since the last annual report are			
N/A				
Additional disclosure for trusts Number of units held by the management company or responsible entity to their related parties. A statement of the fees and commissions payable to the management company or responsible entity. Identify: Initial service charges	N/A			
Management feesOther fees				
Annual meeting (Annual statement only) The annual meeting will be held as follows:				
Place	Rye Civic Hall			
Date	22/11/11			
Time	6.30pm			
Approximate date the annual report will be available	30/09/11			

Compliance statement

- This statement has been prepared under accounting policies which comply with accounting standards as defined in the Corporations Law.
- This statement, and the financial statements under the Corporations Law (if separate), use the same accounting policies.
- In the case of a half-yearly report the same accounting standards and methods of computation are/are not* (delete one) followed as compared with the most recent annual accounts.
- 4 This statement does/does not* (delete one) give a true and fair view of the matters disclosed.

5	inis statement is based on financial statements to which one of the following applies:
	(Tick one)
	The financial statements have been audited.
	The financial statements have been subject to review by a registered auditor (or overseas equivalent).
	The financial statements are in the process of being audited or subject to review.
	The financial statements have <i>not</i> yet been audited or reviewed.

- If the accounts have been or are being audited or subject to review and the audit report is not attached, details of any qualifications are attached/will follow immediately they are available* (delete one).
- 7 The entity has/does not have* (delete one) a formally constituted audit committee.

Sign here:	Eile Jay Date: 9.9.11 (Director/Company Secretary)	
Print name:	EILEEN NAYLOR	

Notes

True and fair view If this statement does not give a true and fair view of a matter (for example, because compliance with an Accounting Standard is required) the entity must attach a note providing additional information and explanations to give a true and fair view.

Income tax If the amount provided for income tax in this statement differs (or would differ but for compensatory items) by more than 15% from the amount of income tax prima facie payable on the profit before tax, the entity must explain in a note the major items responsible for the difference and their amounts.

Additional information An entity may disclose additional information about any matter, and must do so if the information is material to an understanding of the financial statements. The information may be an expansion of the material contained in this statement, or contained in a note attached to the statement.



Rye & District

Community Financial Services Limited

Financial Statements

as at

30 June 2011

Your directors submit the financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2011.

Directors

The names and details of the company's directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year:

Shane Christopher McCarthy Llb GAICD

Chairman & Director

Age: 59

Occupation: Solicitor & Notary Public Chair, Sponsorship & Marketing Committee

36years exp as Legal Practitioner

Eileen Naylor

Secretary & Member, Sponsorship & Marketing Committee

Age: 63

Occupation: Retiree

B.A (Hons), 15years exp Human Resource Management

Volunteer Mornington Peninsula Art Gallery

Andrew Ross Emerson Director & Property Committee

Age: 64

Occupation: Home Furnishing Industry

40years exp Furnishing Industry

Member Lions Club

Stephen Bernard Edmund

Director, Deputy Chairman & Marketing Committee

Age: 60

Occupation: Real Estate Agent

22years exp Retail Hardware, previously served on National Marketing Committee of Home Hardware Paul Harris Fellowship of Rotary Club Dromana Chairman Dromana Chamber of Commerce

Dorothy Mortlock

Director, Governance Committee

Age: 66

Occupation: Retiree

Former President Rosebud Country Club Secretary Peninsula Community Fund Inc

Volunteer Peninsula Health

Secretary Peninsula Community Fund Inc

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No directors have material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the company.

Company Secretary

The company secretary is Eileen Naylor. Eileen was appointed to the position of secretary on 24th November 2004.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the company during the course of the financial year were in facilitating **Community Bank®** services under management rights to operate franchised branches of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

There has been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

Patricia Tonks Treasurer Age: 69

Occupation: Retiree Former Councillor Flinders Shire 36years exp Business Administration

President Rye Community Centre

Barry Leonard Irving

Director & Member, Marketing Committee

Age: 68

Occupation: Retiree

Photography, President Rye Rotary Club

Former Secretary Southern Peninsula Resue Squad 17years exp Senior Laboratory Craftsman with C.S.I.R.O

Gary Michael Cain

Director & Finance Committee

Age: 60

Occupation: Accountant, CPA

Former President Rosebud Football Club Inc

Janet Iris Hall

Director & Chair, Audit & Governance Committee

Age: 64

Occupation: Interior Decorator

30years exp & Sole Operator of Interior Decorating

Chairperson Southern Mornington Peninsula Uniting Church

Operating Results

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations. The profit of the company for the financial year after provision for income tax was:

Year ended	Year ended
30 June 2011	30 June 2010
<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
543,969	445,806

Remuneration Report

The Board is responsible for the determination of remuneration packages and policies applicable to the Senior Manager and all the staff. The Senior Manager is invited to the Board meeting as required to discuss performance and remuneration packages.

The Senior Manager is paid a base salary, which is between \$125,000 and \$135,000 plus the use of a company car. In addition the Senior Manager receives a bonus if the company exceeds the performance criteria established by the Board. The bonus is subject to the board's review of performance and will be in the range of \$10,000 to \$20,000.

Directors' Remuneration

For the year ended 30 June 2011, the directors received total remuneration including

	\$
Shane Christopher McCarthy	20,000
Patricia Tonks	15,000
Eileen Naylor	10,000
Barry Irving	7,500
Andrew Ross Emerson	7,500
Janet Iris Hall	7,500
Stephen Bernard Edmund	7,500
Gary Michael Cain	7,500
Dorothy Mortlock	7,500

Fees and payments to non executive directors reflect the demands which are made on and the responsibilities of the directors. Non executive directors' fees are reviewed annually by the Board. The Chairman's, Secretary's and Treasurer's fees are determined independently to the fees of non executive directors. All directors' renumerations are inclusive of committee fees.

	Year Ended 3	0 June 2011
Dividends	Cents	\$
Final dividends recommended:	6.7c	196,418
Dividends paid in the year: - As recommended in the prior year report	6.5c	190,554

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

In the opinion of the directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial statements.

Matters Subsequent to the End of the Financial Year

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future years.

Likely Developments

The company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

Environmental Regulation

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

Directors' Benefits

No director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which a director has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in note 20 to the financial statements. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

Indemnification and Insurance of Directors and Officers

The company has indemnified all directors and the manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an auditor of the company or a related body corporate.

Directors Meetings

The number of directors meetings attended by each of the directors of the company during the year were:

Shane Christopher McCarthy
Stephen Bernard Edmund
Gary Michael Cain
Patricia Tonks
Eileen Naylor
Barry Leonard Irving
Andrew Ross Emerson
Janet Iris Hall
Dorothy Mortlock

Board Meetings		Committee Meetings Attended					
Atte	nded Financ		& Audit	Marketing Human Reso		esources	
<u>Eligible</u>	<u>Attended</u>	<u>Eligible</u>	<u>Attended</u>	<u>Eligible</u>	<u>Attended</u>	<u>Eligible</u>	<u>Attended</u>
15	14	-	-	12	10	-	-
15	11	-	-	5	5	-	-
15	14	3	3	-	-	-	-
15	12	3	3	-	-	-	-
15	14	-	-	12	11	-	-
15	11	-	-	5	4	-	-
15	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	13	-	-	-	-	-	-

Non Audit Services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin & Stewart) for audit and non audit services provided during the year are set out in the notes to the accounts.

The board of directors has considered the position, in accordance with the advice received from the audit committee and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out in the notes did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality and objectivity
 of the auditor:
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the company, acting as advocate for the company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

Auditors' Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditors' independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 5.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the board on Sith September 20	of directors atRYE
on 3 th September 20	11.
May	Tetting Iv
Shane Christopher McCarthy Llb GAICD, Chairman	Patricia Tonks, Director



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the directors of Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited

I declare, that to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2011 there have been:

- > no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the review; and
- > no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

GRAEME STEWART

ANDREW FREWIN & STEWART

61-65 Bull Street, Bendigo, 3550

9th September 2011

Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited ABN 67 095 766 895 Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 June 2011

	<u>Notes</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>	2010 <u>\$</u>
Revenues from ordinary activities	4	3,218,264	2,760,156
Employee benefits expense		(1,202,021)	(1,012,653)
Charitable donations, sponsorship, advertising and promotion		(530,908)	(564,031)
Occupancy and associated costs		(167,185)	(113,252)
Systems costs		(130,917)	(122,382)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5	(77,839)	(77,214)
Finance costs	5	(72,540)	(33,739)
General administration expenses		(246,713)	(195,925)
Profit before income tax expense		790,141	640,960
Income tax expense	6	(246,172)	(195,154)
Profit after income tax expense		543,969	445,806
Total comprehensive income for the year		543,969	445,806
Earnings per share (cents per share)		<u>C</u>	<u>c</u>
- basic for profit for the year	22	18.56	15.21

Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited ABN 67 095 766 895 Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2011

	<u>Notes</u>	2011 §	2010 <u>\$</u>
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables	7 8	510,449 283,254	827,436 267,129
Total Current Assets		793,703	1,094,565
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Total Non-Current Assets	9 10 11	3,038,122 115,431 32,295 3,185,848	1,401,568 10,000 22,117 1,433,685
Total Assets		3,979,551	2,528,250
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables Current tax liabilities Borrowings Provisions	12 11 13 14	333,264 87,343 254,677 90,712	67,065 156,738 90,215 71,364
Total Current Liabilities		765,996	385,382
Non-Current Liabilities			
Borrowings Provisions	13 14	1,005,964 31,990	299,630 21,052
Total Non-Current Liabilities		1,037,954	320,682
Total Liabilities		1,803,950	706,064
Net Assets		2,175,601	1,822,186
Equity			
Issued capital Retained earnings	15 16	1,299,400 876,201	1,299,400 522,786
Total Equity		2,175,601	1,822,186

Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited ABN 67 095 766 895 Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 June 2011

	Issued Capital <u>\$</u>	Retained Earnings <u>\$</u>	Total Equity <u>\$</u>
Balance at 1 July 2009	1,299,400	208,901	1,508,301
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	445,806	445,806
Transactions with owners in their capacity as ov	vners:		
Shares issued during period	-	-	-
Costs of issuing shares	-	-	•
Dividends provided for or paid	•	(131,922)	(131,922)
Balance at 30 June 2010	1,299,400	522,786	1,822,186
Balance at 1 July 2010	1,299,400	522,786	1,822,186
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	543,969	543,969
Transactions with owners in their capacity as ov	vners:		
Shares issued during period	-	-	-
Costs of issuing shares	<u>.</u>	-	-
Dividends provided for or paid	•	(190,554)	(190,554)
Balance at 30 June 2011	1,299,400	876,201	2,175,601

Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited ABN 67 095 766 895 Statement of Cashflows for the Year Ended 30 June 2011

	Notes	2011 \$	2010 \$
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and employees Interest received Interest paid Income taxes paid		3,177,483 (2,303,929) 18,991 (72,540) (250,685)	2,728,456 (1,926,778) 28,342 (33,739) (195,233)
Net cash provided by operating activities	17	569,320	601,048
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment Payments for motor vehicles Payments for office furniture and equipment Payments for intangible assets Payments for leasehold improvements Proceeds from sale of motor vehicles		(1,429,559) - (4,698) (119,423) (12,869) -	(10,298) (34,160) (4,975) - - 18,388
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,566,549)	(31,045)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities			
Proceeds from borrowings Repayment of borrowings Dividends paid		1,235,000 (364,204) (190,554)	- (81,960) (131,922)
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities		680,242	(213,882)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		(316,987)	356,121
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		827,436	471,315
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	7(a)	510,449	827,436

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standard Boards and the Corporations Act 2001.

Compliance with IFRS

These financial statements and notes comply with IFRS International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. These areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexities, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

Financial statement presentation

The company has applied revised AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements which became effective on 1 January 2009. The company has elected to present all items of income and expense recognised in the period in a single statement of comprehensive income.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accruals basis as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Comparative figures

Where required by Australian Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Adoption of new and revised Accounting Standards

During the current year the entity has adopted all of the new and revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations applicable to its operations which became mandatory.

The adoption of these standards has impacted the recognition, measurement and disclosure of certain transactions. The following is an explanation of the impact the adoption of these standards and interpretations has had on the financial statements of the company.

AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements

In September 2007 the Australian Accounting Standards Board revised AASB 101, and as a result there have been changes to the presentation and disclosure of certain information within the financial statements. Below is an overview of the key changes and the impact on the company's financial statements.

Disclosure impact

Terminology changes – The revised version of AASB 101 contains a number of terminology changes, including the amendment of the names of the primary financial statements.

Reporting changes in equity – The revised AASB 101 requires all changes in equity arising from transactions with owners in their capacity as owners to be presented separately from non-owner changes in equity. Owner changes in equity are to be presented in the statement of changes in equity, with non-owner changes in equity presented in the statement of comprehensive income. The previous version of AASB 101 required that owner changes in equity and other comprehensive income be presented in the statement of changes in equity.

Statement of comprehensive income — The revised AASB 101 requires all income and expenses to be presented in either one statement, the statement of comprehensive income, or two statements, a separate income statement and a statement of comprehensive income. The previous version of AASB 101 required only the presentation of a single income statement.

The company's financial statements contain a single statement of comprehensive income.

Other comprehensive income — The revised version of AASB 101 introduces the concept of "other comprehensive income" which comprises of income and expense that are not recognised in profit or loss as required by other Australian Accounting Standards. Items of other comprehensive income are to be disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income. Entities are required to disclose the income tax relating to each component of other comprehensive income. The previous version of AASB 101 did not contain an equivalent concept.

New Accounting Standards for application in future periods

The AASB has issued new and amended accounting standards and interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods, as follows:

- AASB 9: Financial Instruments and AASB 2009-11: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 [AASB 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 101, 102, 108, 112, 118, 121, 127, 128, 131, 132, 136, 139, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 10 & 12] (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2013)
- AASB 2009-12: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards [AASBs 5, 8, 108, 110, 112, 119, 133, 137, 139, 1023 & 1031 and Interpretations 2, 4, 16, 1039 & 1052] (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2011)

These standards are applicable retrospectively and amend the classification and measurement of financial assets. The company has determined these amendments will have no impact on the preparation of the financial statements and therefore they have not been applied.

Economic dependency - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited that governs the management of the Community Bank® branch at Rye & Dromana.

The branch operates as a franchise of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. The company manages the **Community Bank®** branch on behalf of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, however all transactions with customers conducted through the **Community Bank®** branches are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

All deposits are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, must be approved by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all credit products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the **Community Bank®** branch franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support, and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice in relation to:

- · advice and assistance in relation to the design, layout and fit out of the Community Bank® branch;
- training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol;
- methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services;
- · security and cash logistic controls;
- · calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs; and
- · sales techniques and proper customer relations.

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of the financial statements. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

b) Revenue

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefit will flow to the company and any specific criteria have been met. Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognised on a net basis and is classified as income rather than revenue. All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenue calculation

The franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited provides for three types of revenue earned by the company. First, the company is entitled to 50% of the monthly gross margin earned by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited on products and services provided through the company that are regarded as "day to day" banking business (ie 'margin business'). This arrangement also means that if the gross margin reflects a loss (that is, the gross margin is a negative amount), the company effectively incurs, and must bear, 50% of that loss.

The second source of revenue is commission paid by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited on the other products and services provided through the company (ie 'commission business'). The commission is currently payable on various specified products and services, including insurance, financial planning, common fund, Sandhurst Select, superannuation, commercial loan referrals, products referred by Rural Bank, leasing referrals, fixed loans and certain term deposits (>90 days). The amount of commission payable can be varied in accordance with the Franchise Agreement (which, in some cases, permits commissions to be varied at the discretion of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited). This discretion has be exercised on several occasions previously. For example in February 2011 Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited reduced commissions on two core banking products to ensure a more even distribution of income between Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and its Community Bank® partners. The revenue share model is subject to regular review to ensure that the interests of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and Community Bank® companies remain balanced.

The third source of revenue is a proportion of the fees and charges (ie, what are commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges') charged to customers. This proportion, determined by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, may vary between products and services and may be amended by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited from time to time.

c) Income Tax

Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method on temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of a business combination) which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the consolidated entity expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the company entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the statement of comprehensive income, except when it relates to items credited or debited to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill or excess.

d) Employee Entitlements

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income as incurred.

e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

f) Trade Receivables and Payables

Receivables are carried at their amounts due. The collectability of debts is assessed at balance date and specific provision is made for any doubtful accounts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

g) Property, Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment, leasehold improvements and equipment under finance lease are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item. In the event that settlement of all or part of the purchase consideration is deferred, cost is determined by discounting the amounts payable in the future to their present value as at the date of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its expected useful life to its estimated residual value. Leasehold improvements are depreciated at the rate equivalent to the available building allowance using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method is reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period.

The following estimated useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

 leasehold improvements 	40	years
- plant and equipment	2.5 - 40	years
- furniture and fittings	4 - 40	years

h) Intangibles

The franchise fee paid to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the franchise agreement.

i) Payment Terms

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days.

j) Borrowings

All loans are initially measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

k) Financial Instruments

Recognition and initial measurement

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities, are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

Classification and subsequent measurement

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(ii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the entity's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(iii) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Impairment

At each reporting date, the entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

I) Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership are transferred to the company are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term. Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred. Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions of other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

n) Contributed Equity

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

o) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

p) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are classified as operating cash flows.

Note 2. Financial Risk Management

The company's activities expose it to a limited variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the entity. The entity does not use derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the board of directors.

(i) Market risk

The company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

(ii) Price risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

(iii) Credit risk

The company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that customers have an appropriate credit history. The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding from credit facilities. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

(v) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest-bearing assets are held with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

(vi) Capital management

The board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The board of directors monitor the return on capital and the level of dividends to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the balance sheet.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period, the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

- (i) the distribution limit is the greater of:
 - (a) 20% of the profit or funds of the franchisee otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
 - (b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the franchisee over that 12 month period; and
- (ii) the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2011 can be seen in the statement of comprehensive income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

Note 3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Management has identified the following critical accounting policies for which significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are made. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions and may materially affect financial results or the financial position reported in future periods.

Further details of the nature of these assumptions and conditions may be found in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

Taxation

Judgement is required in assessing whether deferred tax assets and certain tax liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from un-recouped tax losses, capital losses and temporary differences, are recognised only where it is considered more likely than not that they will be recovered, which is dependent on the generation of sufficient future taxable profits.

Assumptions about the generation of future taxable profits depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. These depend on estimates of future sales volumes, operating costs, capital expenditure, dividends and other capital management transactions. Judgements are also required about the application of income tax legislation.

These judgements and assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty, hence there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations, which may impact the amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities recognised on the balance sheet and the amount of other tax losses and temporary differences not yet recognised. In such circumstances, some or all of the carrying amount of recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities may require adjustment, resulting in corresponding credit or charge to the statement of comprehensive income.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The estimation of the useful lives of assets has been based on historical experience and the condition of the asset is assessed at least once per year and considered against the remaining useful life. Adjustments to useful lives are made when considered necessary.

Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the consolidated entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

Note 4. Revenue from Ordinary Activities	2011 <u>\$</u>	2010 §
Operating activities:		
- services commissions	3,156,023	2,731,814
Total revenue from operating activities	3,156,023	2,731,814
Non-operating activities:		
- interest received	18,991	28,342
- rental revenue	43,250	•
Total revenue from non-operating activities	62,241	28,342
Total revenues from ordinary activities	3,218,264	2,760,156
Note 5. Expenses		
Depreciation of non-current assets: - motor vehicles	15,036	14,647
- office furniture and equipment	6,375	8,685
- leasehold improvements	42,436	41,882
Amortisation of non-current assets:		
- franchise fee	10,721	12,000
- renewal process fee	3,271	-
	77,839	77,214
Finance costs:		
- interest paid	72,540	33,739
Bad debts	4,466	2,511
Loss on disposal of non current assets	18,594	3,388

Note 6. Income Tax Expense

The components of tax expense comprise: - Current tax	256,350	195,494
- Future income tax benefit attributed to losses	-	· <u>-</u>
- Movement in deferred tax	(10,178)	(340)
- Recoup of prior year tax loss	-	
- -	246,172	195,154
The prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:		
Operating profit	790,141	640,960
Prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities at 30%	237,043	192,288
Add tax effect of:		
- non-deductible expenses	5,348	4,919
- timing difference expenses	13,764	339
- other deductible expenses	195	(2,052)
-	256,350	195,494
Movement in deferred tax 11	(10,178)	(340)
- -	246,172	195,154
Note 7. Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash at bank and on hand	301,037	47,922
Term deposits	209,412	779,514
- -	510,449	827,436
The above figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cashflows as follows:		
Note 7.(a) Reconciliation of cash		
Cash at bank and on hand	301,037	47,922
Term deposits	209,412	779,514
- -	510,449	827,436
Note 8. Trade and Other Receivables		
Trade receivables	260,473	238,683
Prepayments	22,781	28,446
- -	283,254	267,129

Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited ABN 67 095 766 895

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Note 9. Property, Plant and Equipment

<u>Land & Buildings</u>		
At cost	2,824,419	1,396,660
Less accumulated depreciation	(166,452)	(131,914)
	2,657,967	1,264,746
Motor Vehicles		
At cost	96,877	96,877
Less accumulated depreciation	(42,564)	(27,528)
	54,313	69,349
Office Furniture & Equipment		
At cost	63,502	68,876
Less accumulated depreciation	(29,172)	(28,495)
	34,330	40,381
Leasehold improvements		
At cost	302,018	247,847
Less accumulated depreciation	(10,506)	(220,755)
	291,512	27,092
Total written down amount	3,038,122	1,401,568
Movements in carrying amounts:		
Land & Buildings		
Land & Buildings Carrying amount at beginning	1,264,746	1,298,554
Land & Buildings Carrying amount at beginning Additions	1,264,746 1,427,759	1,298,554 - -
Land & Buildings Carrying amount at beginning		1,298,554 - - (33,808)
Land & Buildings Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals	1,427,759 -	- -
Land & Buildings Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals Less: depreciation expense Carrying amount at end	1,427,759	(33,808)
Land & Buildings Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals Less: depreciation expense Carrying amount at end Motor Vehicles	1,427,759 - (34,538) 2,657,967	(33,808)
Land & Buildings Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals Less: depreciation expense Carrying amount at end Motor Vehicles Carrying amount at beginning	1,427,759	(33,808) 1,264,746 68,223
Land & Buildings Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals Less: depreciation expense Carrying amount at end Motor Vehicles Carrying amount at beginning Additions	1,427,759 - (34,538) 2,657,967	(33,808) 1,264,746 68,223 34,160
Land & Buildings Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals Less: depreciation expense Carrying amount at end Motor Vehicles Carrying amount at beginning	1,427,759 - (34,538) 2,657,967	(33,808) 1,264,746 68,223
Land & Buildings Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals Less: depreciation expense Carrying amount at end Motor Vehicles Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals	1,427,759 - (34,538) 2,657,967 69,349 - -	(33,808) 1,264,746 68,223 34,160 (15,000)
Land & Buildings Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals Less: depreciation expense Carrying amount at end Motor Vehicles Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals Less: depreciation expense Carrying amount at end	1,427,759 - (34,538) 2,657,967 69,349 - (15,036)	(33,808) 1,264,746 68,223 34,160 (15,000) (18,034)
Land & Buildings Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals Less: depreciation expense Carrying amount at end Motor Vehicles Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals Less: depreciation expense Carrying amount at end Office Furniture & Equipment	1,427,759 - (34,538) 2,657,967 69,349 - (15,036)	(33,808) 1,264,746 68,223 34,160 (15,000) (18,034)
Land & Buildings Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals Less: depreciation expense Carrying amount at end Motor Vehicles Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals Less: depreciation expense Carrying amount at end Office Furniture & Equipment Carrying amount at beginning Additions	1,427,759 - (34,538) 2,657,967 69,349 - (15,036) 54,313	- (33,808) 1,264,746 68,223 34,160 (15,000) (18,034) 69,349
Land & Buildings Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals Less: depreciation expense Carrying amount at end Motor Vehicles Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals Less: depreciation expense Carrying amount at end Office Furniture & Equipment Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals	1,427,759 - (34,538) 2,657,967 69,349 - (15,036) 54,313 40,381 6,498 (6,174)	- (33,808) 1,264,746 68,223 34,160 (15,000) (18,034) 69,349 33,793 15,273
Land & Buildings Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals Less: depreciation expense Carrying amount at end Motor Vehicles Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals Less: depreciation expense Carrying amount at end Office Furniture & Equipment Carrying amount at beginning Additions	1,427,759 - (34,538) 2,657,967 69,349 - (15,036) 54,313 40,381 6,498	(33,808) 1,264,746 68,223 34,160 (15,000) (18,034) 69,349 33,793 15,273

Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited ABN 67 095 766 895

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Leasehold improvements		
Carrying amount at beginning	27,092	35,166
Additions	284,738	-
Disposals	(12,420)	- (0.074)
Less: depreciation expense	(7,898)	(8,074)
Carrying amount at end	291,512	27,092
Total written down amount	3,038,122	1,401,568
Note 10. Intangible Assets		
Franchise fee		
At cost	129,570	108,000
Less: accumulated amortisation	(108,721)	(98,000)
	20,849	10,000
Renewal processing fee		
At cost	97,853	-
Less: accumulated amortisation	(3,271)	•
	94,582	
Total written down amount	115,431	10,000
Note 11. Tax		
Current:		
Income tax payable	87,343	156,738
Non-Current:		
Deferred tax assets		
- employee provisions	37,035	27,950
	37,035	27,950
Deferred tax liability		
- accruals	470	233
- deductible prepayments	4,270	5,600
	4,/40	5,833
Net deferred tax asset	32,295	22,117
Movement in deferred tax charged to statement of comprehensive income	(10,178)	(340)
Movement in defended tax charged to statement of comprehensive income	(10,170)	(040)

Note 12. Trade and Other Payables

Trade creditors Other creditors and accruals		747 332,517	3,043 64,022
	;	333,264	67,065
Note 13. Borrowings			
Current:			
Bank overdrafts Lease liability Bank loans	18	27,157 227,520	12,935 77,280
		254,677	90,215
Non-Current:			
Lease liability Bank loans	18	- 1,005,964	27,157 272,473
	:	1,005,964	299,630
Bank loans are repayable monthly with the final instalment due on 22nd May 2016. Intere recognised at an average rate of 7.50% (2010: 7.50%). The loans are secured by a fixed floating charge over the company's assets.			
Note 14. Provisions			
Current:			
Provision for dividend Provision for annual leave Provision for long service leave		(86) 45,191 45,607 90,712	(86) 33,596 37,854 71,364
Non-Current:			
Provision for long service leave	:	31,990	21,052
Number of employees at year end	;	18_	14
Note 15. Contributed Equity			
2,931,605 Ordinary shares fully paid (2010: 2,931,605) Less: equity raising expenses		1,340,732 (41,332)	1,340,732 (41,332)
		1,299,400	1,299,400

Rights attached to shares

(a) Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the **Community Bank®** have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

(b) Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

(c) Transfer

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares.

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the Corporations Act.

Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

- They control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company (the "10% limit").
- In the opinion of the board they do not have a close connection to the community or communities in which the company predominantly carries on business (the "close connection test").
- Where the person is a shareholder, after the transfer of shares in the company to that person the number of shareholders in the company is (or would be) lower than the base number (the "base number test"). The base number is 270. As at the date of this report, the company had 530 shareholders.

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and his or her associates) have a prohibited shareholding interest, are suspended.

The board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

The Bendigo Stock Exchange (BSX) has advised that in its view the prohibited shareholding provisions are appropriate and equitable but the 'base number test' is not as a result the base number clause does not operate whilst the company remains listed on the BSX.

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

Note 16. Retained Earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the financial year	522,786	208,901
Net profit from ordinary activities after income tax	543,969	445,806
Dividends paid or provided for	(190,554)	(131,922)
Balance at the end of the financial year	876,201	522,786
Note 17. Statement of Cashflows		
Reconciliation of profit from ordinary activities after tax to net cash provided by operating activities		
Profit from ordinary activities after income tax	543,969	445,806
Non cash items:		
- depreciation	63,847	65,214
- amortisation	13,992	12,000
- loss on sale of assets	18,594	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
- (increase)/decrease in receivables	(21,790)	(3,358)
- (increase)/decrease in other assets	(4,513)	(79)
- increase/(decrease) in payables	(5,670)	(3,967)
-increase/(decrease) in provisions	30,286	(32,531)
-increase/(decrease) in current tax liabilities	(69,395)	117,963
Net cashflows provided by operating activities	569,320	601,048
Note 18. Leases		
Finance lease commitments		
Payable - minimum lease payments		
- not later than 12 months	28,304	15,950
- between 12 months and 5 years	-	28,304
- greater than 5 years		-
Minimum lease payments	28,304	44,254
Less future finance charges	(1,147)	(4,162)
Present value of minimum lease payments	27,157	40,092

The Holden Berlina chattel mortgage, which commenced in 2007, is a 4-year contract. Interest is recognised at an average rate of 8.65% (2010: 8.65%).

The Honda Civic chattel mortgage, which commenced in 2008, is a 4-year contract. Interest is recognised at an average rate of 8.95% (2010: 8.95%).

Operating	lease c	ommitments

Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements Payable - minimum lease payments

- not later than 12 months	84,000	30,951
- between 12 months and 5 years	301,000	-
- greater than 5 years		-
	385,000	30,951
The Rye Rental lease is a non-cancellable lease with a five-year term, with rent payable		

The Rye Rental lease is a non-cancellable lease with a five-year term, with rent payable monthly in advance.

Note 19. Auditors' Remuneration

Amounts received or due and receivable by the auditor of the company for:

auditor of the company for:		
- audit and review services	6,688	7,282
- non audit services	1,650	420
	8,338	7,702

Note 20. Director and Related Party Disclosures

The names of directors who have held office during the financial year are:

Shane Christopher McCarthy Stephen Bernard Edmund Gary Michael Cain Patricia Tonks Eileen Naylor Barry Leonard Irving Andrew Ross Emerson

Janet Iris Hall

Dorothy Mortlock

The Board has adopted a policy in respect to director fees with the following objectives:

- To attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced directors; and
- To remunerate directors in regard to their responsibilities.

In accordance with Board policy, director remuneration comprises a base fee together with a 9% superannuation guarantee charge.

Directors fees are determined by the Board and are not to exceed \$100,000 in aggregate, the allocation of which is determined at the discretion of the Board. This policy was approved by the shareholders at the 2007 Annual General Meeting held 31st October 2008.

During the normal course of business operations, Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited utilised services offered by local community business. Some of these transactions included businesses which some Directors have direct or indirect interest. These transactions are considered to be made at an arms length basis and are on normal commercial terms.

Shane McCarthy is a diretor of McCarthy Partners Solicitors which supplied the company with legal services during the financial year. During the financial year the total benefit received by McCarthy Partners Solicitors was \$2,849 (2010 \$0).

Directors	Shareholdings	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Shane Chi	ristopher McCarthy	7,404	7,404
Patricia To	·	42,236	42,236
Eileen Nay	vlor	50,000	50,000
Barry Irvin	g	4,100	4,100
-	oss Emerson	4,000	4,000
Janet Iris I	Hall	4,800	4,800
Stephen B	ernard Edmund	7,200	7,200
Gary Mich	ael Cain	5,000	5,000
Dorothy M	ortlock	-	-
		2011	2010
Note 21.	Dividends Paid or Provided	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
a.	Dividends paid during the year		
	Prior year proposed final		
	100% (2010: 100%) franked dividend - 6.5 cents (2010: 4.5 cents) per share	190,554	131,922
b.	Dividends proposed and recognised as a liability		
	Current year final dividend	106 419	100 554
	100% (2010: 100%) franked dividend - 6.7 cents (2010: 6.5 cents) per share	196,418	190,554
The tax rat	te at which dividends have been franked is 30% (2010: 30%).		
Dividends	proposed will be franked at a rate of 30% (2010: 30%).		
C.	Franking account balance		
	Franking credits available for subsequent reporting periods are:		
	- franking account balance as at the end of the financial year	173,616	152,624
	 franking credits that will arise from payment of income tax payable as at the end of the financial year 	206,745	77,530
	the end of the infaholal year	200,140	77,000
	 franking debits that will arise from the payment of dividends recognised as a liability at the end of the financial year 	(81,666)	(56,538)
	Franking credits available for future financial reporting periods:	298,695	173,616
	- franking debits that will arise from payment of dividends proposed or		
	declared before the financial report was authorised for use but not		/am /
	recognised as a distribution to equity holders during the period	(84,179)	(57,166)
!	Net franking credits available	214,516	116,450

Note 22. Earnings Per Share	2011 <u>\$</u>	2010 <u>\$</u>
(a) Profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating earnings per share	543,969	445,806
(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the	Number	Number
denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	2,931,605	2,931,605

Note 23. Events Occurring After the Balance Sheet Date

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

Note 24. Contingent Liabilities

During 2008 Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited entered an agreement with The Portsea Camp to provide sponsorship of \$10,000 per annum for a 10 year period commencing 14 March 2008. The sponsorship is payable monthly in instalments.

	<u> </u>
Amount already paid	32,500
Payable in 1 year or less	10,000
Payable in over 1 to 3 years	30,000
Payable in over 3 years	27,500
Total payable	100,000

During 2010 Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited also entered an agreement with the Australian Volunteer Coastguard to provide support for the Safety Beach Flotilla by providing sponsorship of \$10,000 per annum for a 5 year period.

Amount already paid	20,000
Payable in 1 year or less	10,000
Payable in over 1 to 3 years	20,000
Total payable	50,000

Note 25. Segment Reporting

The economic entity operates in the service sector where it facilitates **Community Bank®** services in **Rye District**, **Victoria** pursuant to a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

Note 26. Registered Office/Principal Place of Business

The entity is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The registered office and principal place of business is:

Registered Office	Principal Place of Business
Rye & District Community Financial Services Ltd 2271 Point Nepean Road Rye Vic 3941	Rye & District Community Financial Services Ltd 2271 Point Nepean Road Rye Vic 3941
	Rye & District Community Financial Services Ltd 239 Point Nepean Road Dromana Vic 3936

Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited ABN 67 095 766 895

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Note 27. Financial Instruments

Net Fair Values

instruments at the year end. The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the balance sheet. The company does not have any unrecognised financial

Credit Risk

financial statements. The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the

There are no material credit risk exposures to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the economic entity.

Interest Rate Risk

Payables	Interest bearing liabilities	Financial Liabilities	Receivables	Cash and cash equivalents	Financial Assets			instrument	Financial	
1	,		•	300,560		s	2011	rate	Floating interest	
	,		1	47,446		69	2010	te e	interest	
,	-		,	209,412 779,514		s	2011		1 year	
	-		-	779,514		ss	2010		l year or less	Fix
	27,156		-	1		49	2011		Over 1 to	Fixed interest rate maturing in
1	40,091		-	,		¢\$	2010		Over 1 to 5 years	ate maturir
	1,233,484		ı	-		s	2011		Over 5	ği
	349,753		•	-		ss.	2010		ver 5 years	
326,207	•		260,473	475		49	2011		Non interest bearing	
27,264	•		238,683	475		s	2010		st bearing	
N/A	5.68		N/A	3.72		%	2011	effective in	Weighted	
N/A	8.65		N/A	3.84		%	2010	effective interest rate	Weighted average	

Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited ABN 67 095 766 895 Directors' Declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited, we state

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the company are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2011 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) the audited remuneration disclosures set out in the remuneration report section of the directors' report comply with Accounting Standard AASB124 Related Party Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors.

Shane Christopher McCarthy Llb GAICD, Chairman

Patricia Tonks, Director

Signed on the 9 th of September 2011.



Independent Auditor's Report To The Members Of Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited, which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2011, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes and the Directors' Declaration.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making fair accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In note 1, the directors also state in accordance with the Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These auditing standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and Australian Accounting Standards, a true and fair view which is consistent with our understanding of the company's financial position and of its performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation. ABN: 51 061 795 337.

Independence

In conducting our audit we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. We have given to the directors of the company a written Auditor's Independence Declaration, a copy of which is included in the Directors' Report. In addition to our audit of the financial report and the remuneration disclosures, we were engaged to undertake the services disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The provision of these services has not impaired our independence.

Auditor's Opinion on the Financial Report

In our opinion:

- 1) The financial report of Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2011 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended and complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- 2) The financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2011. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Rye & District Community Financial Services Limited for the year ended 30 June 2011, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

GRAEME STEWART
ANDREW FREWIN & STEWART
61-65 Bull Street, Bendigo, 3550

9th September 2011