### Redcliffe Peninsula

**Financial Services Limited** 

**Financial Statements** 

as at

30 June 2008

Your Directors submit the financial report of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2008.

#### **Directors**

The names and details of the company's directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year:

#### Serge Paggiaro

Chairman (Appointed Chairman 7 August 2007)

Age: 58

Occupation: Company Director

Experience and expertise: Partner in a tour wholesale Company, running golf tours to Asia and the Pacific region. Founding Director. Special responsibilities: Member of the Human Resources Committee and Chair of the Public

Relations Committee.

Interests in shares: 1 Ordinary Share

#### **Norman John Bowles**

Secretary Age: 63

Occupation: Self Employed

Experience and expertise: Engineer in lighting, and later as a Quality Assurance Consultant.

Founding Director.

Special responsibilities: Company Secretary and

member of the Corporate Governance

and Audit Committee.

Interests in shares: 1 Ordinary Share

#### **Eva Joan Costello**

Director Age: 77

Occupation: Self Employed Accountant

Experience and expertise: Accountant for the past 15 years. Employed as a bank auditor and with accounting firms for previous 46 years.

Special responsibilities: Member of the Policy Committee and Corporate Governance and Audit

Committee.

Interests in shares: 1,000 Ordinary Shares

#### Rae Amelda Frawley

Director Age: 59

Occupation: Elected Local Government Representative Experience and expertise: Banking, public hospital, Department of Education, Science & Training, Local

Government.

Special responsibilities: Member of the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee.

Interests in shares: Nil.

#### William Reginald Fraser

Treasurer Age: 55

Occupation: Self Employed Managing Director Experience and expertise: Director of Will Fraser & Co Pty Ltd, Certified Practising Accountants and

Financial Planners. Founding Director.

Special responsibilities: Company Treasurer and Chair of

the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee. Interests in shares: 1,501 Ordinary Shares

#### **Robert James Orr**

Director Age: 57

Occupation: Self employed Director

Experience and expertise: Owner of a retail stationery

business for 16 years. Founding Director. Special responsibilities: Chair of the Human

Resources Committee.

Interests in shares: 6,501 Shares

#### **Christine Julia Standfast**

Director Age: 45

Occupation: Executive Manager of a firm of with

300 employees

Experience and expertise: Owner of own business for 21 years. Consulted in marketing and communication. General manager of firm with 70 employees. Special responsibilities: Member of the

Marketing Committee.

Interests in shares: Nil

#### Stephen John Hart

Director (Appointed 24 July 2007)

Age: 56

Occupation: CEO Redcliffe Hospital Foundation

Experience and expertise: Owner of a publishing company for 15 years. Newspaper Manager for 7 years. 25 years

managerial experience.

Founding Director (Resigned 28 February 2005)

Special responsibilities: Member of the

Marketing Committee (from date of re-appointment).

Interests in shares: 1,001 Ordinary Shares

#### **Directors** (continued)

#### William Pierre Hoogwaerts

Director (Deceased 29 July 2007)

Age: 68

Occupation: Self Employed - Business Promotions

Experience and expertise:

Bill had been in business for 23 years, principally

in fund raising activities. He was Chairman

of the Company since it was formed, until he passed away.

Special responsibilities: Chairman of the Board Marketing Committee (Chairman); and Corporate Governance & Audit Committee (Member). Interests in shares: Nil Ordinary Shares

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

Except for William Fraser, no Director has material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the company.

William Fraser is the Managing Director of Will Fraser & Co Pty Ltd, a Margate based CPA accounting practice. Will Fraser & Co Pty Ltd provides accounting services to the company, based on discounted charge rates. Total fees charged during the 2007/08 year amounted to \$6,375.00 (2006/07: \$8,856.27)

#### **Company Secretary**

The company secretary is Norman John Bowles. Norm was appointed to the position of secretary on 28 February 2005. He is a founding Director and accepted appointment as Secretary following the resignation of Steve Hart. He is a Director of Deneg Pty Ltd and is a former Lighting Engineer and Quality Assurance Consultant.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activities of the company during the course of the financial year were in facilitating community banking services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo Bank Limited.

There has been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

#### **Operating Results**

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations. The profit/(loss) of the company for the financial year after provision for income tax was:

Year ended	Year ended
30 June 2008	30 June 2007
<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
4,083	(66,387)

#### **Remuneration Report**

No Director of the company receives remuneration for services as a company director or Committee member.

The Manager of the bank receives a gross remuneration of \$79,071 (2007: \$71,755) including performance incentives. The manager also receives employer superannuation support.

#### **Dividends**

No dividends were declared or paid for the previous year and the directors recommend that no dividend be paid for the current year.

#### Significant changes in the state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial report.

#### Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future years.

#### **Likely Developments**

The company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

#### **Environmental Regulation**

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

#### **Directors' Benefits**

Except for William Fraser, no Director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a Director, a firm which a Director is a member or an entity in which a Director has a substantial financial interest. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

William Fraser's firm, Will Fraser & Co Pty Ltd provided accounting services to the company (as disclosed in the Directors' Report).

#### **Indemnification and Insurance of Directors and Officers**

The company has indemnified all Directors and the Manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as Directors or Manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an auditor of the company or a related body corporate.

#### **Directors Meetings**

The number of Directors meetings attended by each of the Directors of the company during the year were:

	Number of Board Meetings eligible to attend Number attende	
	onginio to attorna	
Serge Paggiaro	12	11
William Reginald Fraser	12	7
Norman John Bowles	12	12
Robert James Orr	12	11
Eva Joan Costello	12	10
Christine Julia Standfast	12	9
Rae Amelda Frawley	12	11
Stephen John Hart (Appointed 24 July 2007)	12	8
William Pierre Hoogwaerts (Deceased 29 July 2007)	-	-

#### **Non Audit Services**

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the Auditor (Andrew Frewin & Stewart) for audit and non audit services provided during the year are set out in the notes to the accounts.

The board of directors has considered the position, in accordance with the advice received from the audit committee and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out in the notes did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

all non-audit services have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor;

none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in Professional Statement F1, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the company, acting as advocate for the company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

#### Auditors' independence declaration

A copy of the auditors' independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 5.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors at Redcliffe, Queensland on 15th September 2008.

Serge Paggiaro, Chairman

William Reginald Fraser, Director



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ABN 51 061 795 337

#### Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the directors of Redcliffe Peninsula Financial Services Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2008 there have been:

- > no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- > no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

**David Hutchings Auditor** 

Andrew Frewin & Stewart Bendigo, Victoria

Dated this 15<sup>th</sup> day of September 2008

# Redcliffe Peninsula Financial Services Limited ABN 66 109 123 677 Income Statement for the year ended 30 June 2008

	<u>Notes</u>	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
Revenues from ordinary activities	3	464,752	327,395
Salaries and employee benefits expense		(263,927)	(246,080)
Advertising and promotion expenses		(12,270)	(5,881)
Occupancy and associated costs		(35,816)	(40,568)
Systems costs		(24,662)	(19,185)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	4	(23,819)	(25,350)
General administration expenses		(94,937)	(81,890)
Profit/(loss) before income tax expense/credit		9,320	(91,560)
Income tax expense/credit	5	(5,237)	25,173
Profit/(loss) for the period		4,083	(66,387)
Profit/(loss) attributable to members of the entity		4,083	(66,387)
Earnings per share (cents per share)	40	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
- basic for profit for the year	18	0.61	(9.96)

# Redcliffe Peninsula Financial Services Limited ABN 66 109 123 677 Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2008

	<u>Notes</u>	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash assets Trade and other receivables	6 7	4,702 29,659	1,237 25,449
Total Current Assets		34,361	26,686
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	8 9 10	168,366 18,465 122,749	175,341 30,466 127,986
Total Non-Current Assets		309,580	333,793
Total Assets		343,941	360,479
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables Borrowings	11 12	14,472 -	13,650 21,441
Total Current Liabilities		14,472	35,091
Total Liabilities		14,472	35,091
Net Assets		329,469	325,388
Equity			
Issued capital Accumulated losses	13 14	645,843 (316,374)	645,843 (320,457)
Total Equity		329,469	325,386

# Redcliffe Peninsula Financial Services Limited ABN 66 109 123 677 Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2008

	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
Total equity at the beginning of the period	325,386	391,773
Net profit/(loss) for the period	4,083	(66,387)
Net income/expense recognised directly in equity	-	-
Dividends provided for or paid	-	-
Shares issued during period	-	-
Total equity at the end of the period	329,469	325,386

#### Redcliffe Peninsula Financial Services Limited ABN 66 109 123 677 Statement of Cashflows for the year ended 30 June 2008

	<u>Notes</u>	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and employees Interest paid Interest received		464,751 (434,220) (780)	359,137 (421,966) (337) 566
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	15	29,751	(62,600)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(4,845)	-
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities		(4,845)	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		24,906	(62,600)
Cash at the beginning of the financial year		(20,204)	42,396
Cash at the end of the financial year	6(a)	4,702	(20,204)

#### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001.

#### Compliance with IFRS

Australian Accounting Standards include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). These financial statements and notes comply with IFRS.

#### Historical cost convention

The financial report has been prepared under the historical cost conventions on an accruals basis as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

#### Revenue

Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST). The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognised on a net basis and is classified as income rather than revenue.

#### Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable for the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operation cash flows.

#### Income tax

#### Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or tax loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

#### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Income tax (continued)

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using the comprehensive balance sheet liability method on temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of a business combination) which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the consolidated entity expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the company/consolidated entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

#### Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the income statement, except when it relates to items credited or debited to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill or excess.

#### **Employee entitlements**

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income as incurred.

#### Intangibles

The cost of the company's franchise fee has been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis at a rate of 20% per annum.

#### Cash

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

#### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### **Comparative figures**

Where required by Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment, leasehold improvements and equipment under finance lease are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item. In the event that settlement of all or part of the purchase consideration is deferred, cost is determined by discounting the amounts payable in the future to their present value as at the date of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its expected useful life to its estimated residual value. Leasehold improvements are depreciated at the rate equivalent to the available building allowance using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method is reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period.

The following estimated useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

- leasehold improvements

40 years

- plant and equipment

2.5 - 40 years

- furniture and fittings

4 - 40 years

#### **Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements**

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

There are no estimates or assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

#### Payment terms

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days.

#### **Trade Receivables and Payables**

Receivables are carried at their amounts due. The collectability of debts is assessed at balance date and specific provision is made for any doubtful accounts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

#### **Borrowings**

All loans are initially measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

#### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions of other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

#### **Contributed Equity**

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

#### **Earnings per Share**

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

#### 2. Financial Risk Management

The company's activities expose it to a limited variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the entity. The entity does not use derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the Board of Directors.

#### (i) Market Risk

The company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

#### (ii) Price Risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

#### (iii) Credit Risk

The company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that customers have an appropriate credit history. The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo Bank Limited.

#### (iv) Liquidity Risk

Prudent liquidity management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding from credit facilities. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

#### (v) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest-bearing assets are held with Bendigo Bank Limited and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

Operating activities:         464,752         326,829           Total revenue from operating activities         464,752         326,829           Non-operating activities:         -         566           Total revenue from non-operating activities         -         566           Total revenues from ordinary activities         -         566           Total revenues from ordinary activities         464,752         327,395           4. Expenses           Depreciation of non-current assets:         -         10,681           - plant and equipment         9,152         10,681           - leasehold improvements         2,667         2,669           Amortisation of non-current assets:           - franchise agreement         12,000         12,000           Amortisation of non-current assets:           - franchise agreement         12,000         12,000           But debts         1,538         336           Signature assets interest paid         780         337           Bad debts         1,538         316           Signature assets paid assets assets paid	3. Revenue from ordinary activities	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
Total revenue from operating activities         464,752         326,829           Non-operating activities: - interest received         -         566           Total revenue from non-operating activities         -         566           Total revenues from ordinary activities         464,752         327,395           4. Expenses         464,752         327,395           4. Expenses         5         10,681           Depreciation of non-current assets: - plant and equipment - leasehold improvements         9,152         10,681           - leasehold improvements         2,667         2,669           Amortisation of non-current assets: - franchise agreement         12,000         12,000           Amortisation of non-current assets: - franchise agreement         12,000         12,000           Bad debts         780         337           Bad debts         1,538         316           5. Income tax expense         5,237         -25,173           - Future income tax benefit attributable to losses         5,237         (25,173)           The prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:         9,320         (91,560)           Operating profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 30%         2,796         (27,468)           Add t		40.4 ===0	
Non-operating activities:   - interest received   -   568     Total revenue from non-operating activities   -   568     Total revenues from ordinary activities   -   568     Total revenues from ordinary activities   -   327,395     A Expenses   -			
- interest received         -         566           Total revenue from non-operating activities         -         566           Total revenues from ordinary activities         464,752         327,395           4. Expenses           Depreciation of non-current assets:	Total revenue from operating activities	464,752	320,829
Total revenues from ordinary activities		-	566
4. Expenses         Depreciation of non-current assets:	Total revenue from non-operating activities		566
Depreciation of non-current assets:	Total revenues from ordinary activities	464,752	327,395
- plant and equipment   9,152   10,681   - leasehold improvements   2,667   2,669   2,669   2,669   2,669   2,669   2,669   2,669   2,669   2,669   2,600   2,000	4. Expenses		
- plant and equipment   9,152   10,681   - leasehold improvements   2,667   2,669   2,669   2,669   2,669   2,669   2,669   2,669   2,669   2,669   2,600   2,000	Depreciation of non-current assets:		
Amortisation of non-current assets: - franchise agreement  12,000  12,000  23,819  25,350  Finance costs: - interest paid  780  337  Bad debts  1,538  316  5. Income tax expense  The components of tax expense comprise: - Recoupment of prior year tax losses - Future income tax benefit attributable to losses  The prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:  Operating profit/(loss)  Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 30%  Add tax effect of: - permanent differences - other deductible expenses  (1,305)  Current tax  5,237  (25,173)		9,152	10,681
- franchise agreement         12,000         12,000           Finance costs:         23,819         25,350           Finance costs:         780         337           Bad debts         1,538         316           5. Income tax expense           The components of tax expense comprise:           - Recoupment of prior year tax losses         5,237         -           - Future income tax benefit attributable to losses         5,237         (25,173)           The prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:         9,320         (91,560)           Operating profit/(loss)         9,320         (91,560)           Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 30%         2,796         (27,468)           Add tax effect of:         9,220         (27,468)           - permanent differences         3,747         3,600           - other deductible expenses         (1,305)         (1,305)           Current tax         5,237         (25,173)	- leasehold improvements	2,667	2,669
- franchise agreement         12,000         12,000           Finance costs:         23,819         25,360           Finance costs:         780         337           Bad debts         1,538         316           5. Income tax expense           The components of tax expense comprise:           - Recoupment of prior year tax losses         5,237         -           - Future income tax benefit attributable to losses         5,237         (25,173)           The prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:         9,320         (91,560)           Operating profit/(loss)         9,320         (91,560)           Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 30%         2,796         (27,468)           Add tax effect of:         9,220         (27,468)           - permanent differences         3,747         3,600           - other deductible expenses         (1,305)         (1,305)           Current tax         5,237         (25,173)	Amortisation of non-current assets:		
Finance costs:         780         337           Interest paid         1,538         316           Bad debts         1,538         316           5. Income tax expense           The components of tax expense comprise:           - Recoupment of prior year tax losses         5,237         -           - Future income tax benefit attributable to losses         5,237         (25,173)           The prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:         9,320         (91,560)           Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 30%         2,796         (27,468)           Add tax effect of:         -         -           - permanent differences         3,747         3,600           - other deductible expenses         (1,305)         (1,305)           Current tax         5,237         (25,173)		12,000	12,000
Find table		23,819	25,350
Bad debts         1,538         316           5. Income tax expense           The components of tax expense comprise:	Finance costs:		
5. Income tax expense         The components of tax expense comprise:	- interest paid	<u>780</u>	337
The components of tax expense comprise:       5,237       -         - Recoupment of prior year tax losses       5,237       -       (25,173)         - Future income tax benefit attributable to losses       5,237       (25,173)         The prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:       -       9,320       (91,560)         Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 30%       2,796       (27,468)         Add tax effect of:       -       -         - permanent differences       3,747       3,600         - other deductible expenses       (1,305)       (1,305)         Current tax       5,237       (25,173)	Bad debts	1,538	316
- Recoupment of prior year tax losses       5,237       -         - Future income tax benefit attributable to losses       -       (25,173)         The prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:       9,320       (91,560)         Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 30%       2,796       (27,468)         Add tax effect of:       -       -         - permanent differences       3,747       3,600         - other deductible expenses       (1,305)       (1,305)         Current tax       5,237       (25,173)	5. Income tax expense		
- Recoupment of prior year tax losses       5,237       -         - Future income tax benefit attributable to losses       -       (25,173)         The prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:       9,320       (91,560)         Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 30%       2,796       (27,468)         Add tax effect of:       -       -         - permanent differences       3,747       3,600         - other deductible expenses       (1,305)       (1,305)         Current tax       5,237       (25,173)	The components of tax expense comprise:		
The prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:  Operating profit/(loss)  Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 30%  Add tax effect of: - permanent differences - other deductible expenses  Current tax  5,237 (25,173)	- Recoupment of prior year tax losses	5,237	. <b>-</b>
The prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:  Operating profit/(loss)  Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 30%  Add tax effect of: - permanent differences - other deductible expenses  Current tax  5,237 (25,173)	- Future income tax benefit attributable to losses		
income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:  Operating profit/(loss)  Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 30%  Add tax effect of: - permanent differences - other deductible expenses  Ourrent tax  5,237  (25,173)		5,237	(25,173)
Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 30%       2,796       (27,468)         Add tax effect of:			
Add tax effect of:       3,747       3,600         - other deductible expenses       (1,305)       (1,305)         Current tax       5,237       (25,173)	Operating profit/(loss)	9,320	(91,560)
- permanent differences       3,747       3,600         - other deductible expenses       (1,305)       (1,305)         Current tax       5,237       (25,173)	Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 30%	2,796	(27,468)
- other deductible expenses (1,305) (1,305)  Current tax 5,237 (25,173)			
Current tax 5,237 (25,173)	·		
<del></del>	and addition orbanioo	(1,000)	(1,000)
	Current tax	5,237	(25,173)
		5,237	(25,173)

6. Cash assets	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
Cash at bank and on hand	4,702	1,237
	4,702	1,237
The above figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cashflows as follows:	-	
6(a) Reconciliation of cash		
Cash at bank and on hand Overdraft	4,702 -	1,237 (21,441)
	4,702	(20,204)
7. Trade and other receivables		
Trade receivables	13,990	4,903
Prepayments	15,669	20,546
	29,659	25,449
8. Property, plant and equipment		
Plant and equipment		
At cost Less accumulated depreciation	111,143 (39,990)	106,294 (30,830)
Less accumulated depreciation	71,153	75,464
	71,100	70,101
Leasehold improvements	400.740	106 710
At cost Less accumulated depreciation	106,719 (9,506)	106,719 (6,842)
	97,213	99,877
Total written down amount	168,366	175,341
Movements in carrying amounts:		
Plant and equipment		
Carrying amount at beginning Additions	75,464 4,849	86,145
Less: depreciation expense	(9,160)	(10,681)
Carrying amount at end	71,153	75,464
Leasehold improvements		
Carrying amount at beginning	99,877	102,546
Less: depreciation expense  Carrying amount at end	(2,664) 97,213	(2,669) 99,877
Total written down amount	168,366	175,341

9. Intangible assets	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
Franchico Foo		
Franchise Fee At cost	60,000	60,000
Less: accumulated amortisation	(42,773)	(30,772)
	17,227	29,228
10. Deferred Tax		
Deferred Tax Asset		
- Opening Balance	127,986	102,813
Future income tax benefits attributable to losses Recoupment of prior year tax losses	(5,237)	25,173 -
- Closing Balance	122,749	127,986
Closing Balanco	122,7.10	127,000
11. Trade and other payables		
Trade anaditors	11 170	9.500
Trade creditors Other creditors & accruals	11,472 3,000	8,500 5,150
	14,472	13,650
12. Borrowings		
Bank overdraft	-	21,441
Note: The company has an unsecured \$50,000 overdraft facility which attracted a nil interest rate until 10 February 2008, from which time interest is charged at the current commercial interest rate as per agreement with Franchisor.		
13. Contributed equity		
666,359 Ordinary shares fully paid of \$1 each (2007: 666,359)	666,359	666,359
Less: equity raising expenses	(20,516)	(20,516)
	645,843	645,843
14. Retained earnings/Accumulated losses		
Balance at the beginning of the financial year	(320,457)	(254,070)
Net profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after income tax	4,083	(66,387)
Dividends paid	_	
Balance at the end of the financial year	(316,374)	(320,457)

15. Statement of cashflows	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
Reconciliation of profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after tax to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities		
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities after income tax	4,083	(66,387)
Non cash items:		
- depreciation - amortisation	11,819 12,000	13,350 12,000
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
- (increase)/decrease in receivables - (increase)/decrease in other assets - increase in payables	(4,210) 5,237 822	(2,087) (25,173) 5,697
Net cashflows provided by/(used in) operating activities	29,751	(62,600)
16. Auditors' remuneration		
Amounts received or due and receivable by the auditor of the company for:		
- audit & review services	4,000	4,000
- non audit services	965	450
	4,965	4,450

#### 17. Director and related party disclosures

The names of directors who have held office during the financial year are:

Serge Paggiaro

William Reginald Fraser

Norman John Bowles

**Robert James Orr** 

Eva Joan Costello

Christine Julia Standfast

Rae Amelda Frawley

Stephen John Hart (Appointed 24 July 2007)

William Pierre Hoogwaerts (Deceased 29 July 2007)

Except for William Fraser, who provided accounting services to the company (as disclosed in the Director's Report), no director or related entity has entered into a material contract with the company. No director's fees have been paid as the positions are held on a voluntary basis.

#### 17. Director and Related party disclosures (continued)

Directors shareholdings	<u>2008</u>	2007
Serge Paggiaro	1	1
William Reginald Fraser	1,501	1,501
Norman John Bowles	1	1
Robert James Orr	6,501	6,501
Eva Joan Costello	1,000	1,000
Christine Julia Standfast	-	-
Rae Amelda Frawley	-	-
Stephen John Hart (Appointed 24 July 2007)	1,001	1,001
William Pierre Hoogwaerts (Deceased 29 July 2007)	5,501	5,501

There was no movement in directors shareholdings during the year. Each share held is valued at \$1.

18. Earnings per share	2008 \$	2007 <u>\$</u>
(a) Profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating earnings per share	<u>▼</u> 4,083	¥ ( 66,387)
(b) Wainhard account a number of auditors about a sale and a sale	2008 <u>Number</u>	2007 <u>Number</u>
(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	666,359	666,359

#### 19. Events occurring after the balance sheet date

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

#### 20. Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

#### 21. Segment reporting

The economic entity operates in the service sector where it facilitates community banking services pursuant to a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank Limited. The economic entity operates in one geographic area being Redcliffe Peninsula and district, Queensland.

#### 22. Registered office/Principal place of business

The registered office and principal place of business is:

Registered office
Shop 1A, 300 Oxley Avenue
Margate QLD 4019

Principal place of business Shop 1A, 300 Oxley Avenue Margate QLD 4019

# Redcliffe Peninsula Financial Services Limited ABN 66 109 123 677 Statements for the year ended 30 June 2008

# 23. Financial Instruments

# Net fair values

The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the Balance Sheet. The company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at the year end.

# **Credit risk**

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the Income Statement and notes to the financial statements.

There are no material credit risk exposures to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the economic entity.

# Interest rate risk

				Fixe	Fixed interest rate maturing in	ate maturin	g in					
Financial instrument	Floating interest rate	interest te	1 year or less	or less	Over 1 to 5 years	5 years	Over 5	Over 5 years	Non intere	Non interest bearing		Weighted average effective interest rate
	2008 \$	2007	2008 \$	2007	2008 \$	2007	2008	2007 \$	2008 \$	2007 \$	2008 %	2007
Financial assets												
Cash assets	4702	1,237	•		•			1	•	•	0.05	0.05
Receivables	1	1	•	1	1	1	1	1	13,990	4,903	N/A	N/A
Financial liabilities	es											
Interest bearing liabilities	•	21,441	•	•	•	•	1	•	ı	1	N/A	Ξ
Payables	1	1	1		1	,	•	1	14,472	13,647	N/A	N/A

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Redcliffe Peninsula Financial Services Limited, we state that:

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the company are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2008 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) the audited remuneration disclosures set out in the remuneration report section of the directors' report comply with Accounting Standard AASB174 Related Party Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Serge Paggiaró, Chairman

William Reginald Fraser, Director

Signed on the 15th of September 2007.



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ABN 51 061 795 337

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Redcliffe Peninsula Financial Services Limited

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Redcliffe Peninsula Financial Services Limited, which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2008, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes and the director's declaration.

The company has disclosed information as required by paragraphs Aus 25.4 to Aus 25.7.2 of Accounting Standard 124 Related Party Disclosures ("Remuneration disclosures"), under the heading "Remuneration Report" in the directors' report, as permitted by Corporations Regulation 2M.6.04.

#### **Directors Responsibility for the Financial Report**

The Directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In note 1, the directors also state that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards. The directors are also responsible for the remuneration disclosures contained in the director's report.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement and that the remuneration disclosures comply with Accounting Standards AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Independence

In conducting our audit we have met the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. We have given to the directors of the company a written Auditor's Independence Declaration, a copy of which is included in the director's report. In addition to our audit of the financial report and the remuneration disclosures, we were engaged to undertake the services disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The provision of these services has not impaired our independence.

#### **Auditor's Opinion**

#### In our opinion:

- 1) The financial report is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including giving a true and fair view of the financial position of Redcliffe Peninsula Financial Services Limited as of 30 June 2008 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- 2) The financial report also complies with International financial reporting standards as disclosed in Note 1.
- 3) The remuneration disclosures that are contained in the director's report comply with Accounting Standards AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures.

DAVID HUTCHINGS

ANDREW FREWIN & STEWART

61-65 Bull Street, Bendigo, 3550

Dated this 15<sup>th</sup> day of September 2008