Rosewood & District

Financial Services Limited

Financial Statements

as at

30 June 2008

Your Directors submit the financial report of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2008.

Directors

The names and details of the Company's Directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year:

Clyde Ian Nicoll

Chairman Aae: 66 Retired

Member of Lions Club for 28 years; Board member of Cabanda Aged Care for 9 years and treasurer of the Board for 7 years; Secondary teacher for 37 years and principal for 18 years.

Comittees: Business Plan, Audit, Human Resources, AGM, Public Relations, Marketing and Sponsorship

Interests in shares: 5,001

Melissa Kay McGeary

Secretary Age: 36

Administration Officer

Executive personal assistant with experience in the

banking industry.

Committees: Public Relations, Marketing and Sponsorship, Grants, AGM, Business Plan, Audit.

Interests in shares: 1,001

Stuart Walton Bede Ross

Director Age: 43

Real Estate Agent

Owner/Manager Bremer Valley Realty Committees: Public Relations, Marketing and Sponsorship, Business Plan, Property Management

Interests in shares: 2.001

Kathleen Maree Lenihan

Director Age: 24

Receptionist

Experience in office management and community involvement with the Rosewood Show Society. Committees: Human Resources and Grants

Interests in shares: 501

Brian Maxwell Nash

Director Age: 57 Paramedic

Officer in Charge QAS Rosewood; Comamanding Officer 205SQN Australian Air Force Cadets; Equity Officer Australain Defence Force; Holds Bachelor of Health; Associate Diploma of Applied Sciences; Associate Diploma of Business Administration.

Committees: AGM and Policy, Procedures and Governance

Interests in shares: 1,001

Eirvs Mabel Heit

Treasurer

Aae: 59

Casual shop assistant/semi-retired

Part owner/manager Rosewood Newsagency, Current member of Lions Club of Rosewood Inc, previously acted as President and Vice President; Member of Rosewood State High School P & C; Member of Ashwell State School P & C; Previous Director and Chairperson of Cabanda Aged Care Rosewood.

Committees: Audit, Grants and Property Management

Interests in shares: 5,001

Ivan Aubrey Paul Schindler

Director

Age: 57

Veterinary Surgeon

Proprietor of veternarian surgery; Member of Lions

Club: Past Chairman of QATB.

Commitees: Policy, Procedures and Governance,

Business Plan

Interests in shares: 2,001

Kenneth John Savage (Resigned 28 February 2008)

Director Age: 58

Occupation Retired

Local Business Owner

Committees: AGM, Business Growth, Grants, Property

Management

Interests in shares: 2.001

Alan Leslie Price

Director

Age: 57

Owner/Manager Price Produce

Business owner; Member of Marburg Pacing Association. Former Director of New Country Party. Committees: Public Relations, Marketing and

Sponsorship, Business Growth, Property Management

Interests in shares: 2,001

Jennifer Eunice Simmons (Appointed 27 September

2007) Director

Age: 56

Home office manager/Community volunteer Current volunteer with Blue Care, Uniting Church Catering; Member of Lions Club; Previous Treasurer of Rosewood Primary School; Current Treasurer of

Rosewood Women's Group. Committees: AGM, Grants Interests in shares: 50,000

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No Directors have material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the Company.

Company Secretary

The Company Secretary is Melissa McGeary. Melissa was appointed to the position of Secretary when the Company was formed on 11 July 2005. Melissa was also the Secretary of the Steering Committee.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company during the course of the financial year were in facilitating community banking services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo Bank Limited.

There has been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

Operating Results

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations. The profit of the Company for the financial year after provision for income tax was:

Year ended	Year ended
30 June 2008	30 June 2007
<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
55 782	16 632

Remuneration Report

All Directors perform their duties solely in a voluntary capacity and do not receive or expect any form of remuneration.

The Branch Manager attends all Board meetings and presents a full report to the Board of Directors. The Branch Manager advises the Directors on a number of issues but does not have any voting rights.

The Branch Manager is a member of several sub-committees.

i. PR/Marketing/Sponsorship	iv.	Business Growth
ii. Property Management	٧.	Grant Application
iii. Business Plan	vi.	Human Resources

The Branch Manager is a seconded staff member of Bendigo Bank Limited. She is paid between \$55,000 - \$65,000 for the period. The wages are paid via the entity's profit share statements.

Dividends

No dividends were declared or paid during the financial year. The Directors have recommended that a dividend of 4 cents per share be paid on 1 September 2008 to all shareholders registered as at 4 July 2008.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

In the opinion of the Directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial report.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company, in future years.

Likely Developments

The Company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

Environmental Regulation

The Company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

Directors' Benefits

No Director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a Director, a firm which a Director is a member or an entity in which a Director has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in note 16 to the financial statements. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors shown in the Company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the Company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

Indemnification and Insurance of Directors and Officers

The Company has indemnified all Directors and the Manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the Company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as Directors or Manager of the Company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The Company has not provided any insurance for an Auditor of the Company or a related body corporate.

Directors Meetings

The number of Directors meetings attended by each of the Directors of the company during the year were:

	Number of Board Meetings		
	eligible to attend	Number attended	
Clyde Ian Nicoll	11	9	
Eirys Mabel Heit	11	9	
Melissa Kay McGeary	11	10	
Ivan Aubrey Paul Schindler	11	8	
Stuart Walton Bede Ross	11	9	
Kenneth John Savage (Resigned 28 February 2008)	7	5	
Kathleen Maree Lenihan	11	9,	
Alan Leslie Price	11	10	
Brian Maxwell Nash	11	7	
Jennifer Eunice Simmons (Appointed 27 September 200	07) 4	4	

Non Audit Services

The Company may decide to employ the Auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the Auditor's expertise and experience with the Company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the Auditor (Andrew Frewin & Stewart) for audit and non audit services provided during the year are set out in the notes to the accounts.

The Board of Directors has considered the position, in accordance with the advice received from the audit committee and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for Auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the Auditor, as set out in the notes did not compromise the Auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

all non-audit services have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality and objectivity of the Auditor;

none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in Professional Statement F1, including reviewing or auditing the Auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the Company, acting as advocate for the Company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

Auditors' independence declaration

A copy of the Auditors' independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 5.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors at Rosewood, Queensland 22 August 2008.

Clyde Ian Nicoll, Chairman

Eirvs Mabel Heit, Director



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Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the directors of Rosewood & District Financial Services Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2008 there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

David Hutchings Auditor

Andrew Frewin & Stewart Bendigo, Victoria

Dated this 22nd day of August 2008

Income Statement

for the year ended 30 June 2008

	<u>Notes</u>	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
Revenues from ordinary activities	3	433,004	357,582
Salaries and employee benefits expense		(214,824)	(194,917)
Advertising and promotion expenses		(23,694)	(6,250)
Occupancy and associated costs		(29,741)	(27,969)
Systems costs		(9,115)	(7,964)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	4	(13,731)	(13,538)
General administration expenses		(63,885)	(84,536)
Profit before income tax expense		78,014	22,407
Income tax expense	5	(22,232)	(5,775)
Profit for the period		55,782	16,632
Profit attributable to members of the entity		55,782	16,632
Earnings per share (cents per share)		<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
- basic for profit for the year	21	10.26	3.06

Rosewood & District Financial Services Limited ABN 62 115 218 472 Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2008

		2000	2007
	<u>Notes</u>	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
ASSETS			
AGGLIG			
Current Assets			
Cash assets	6	267,970	189,866
Trade and other receivables	7	20,195	8,981
Total Current Assets	•	288,165	198,847
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	8	158,598	162,258
Intangible assets	9	38,619	40,621
Deferred tax assets	10	17,404	39,636
Total Non-Current Assets	•	214,621	242,515
Total Assets		502,786	441,362
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	11	10,472	4,830
Total Current Liabilities	•	10,472	4,830
Total Liabilities		10,472	4,830
Net Assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	492,314	436,532
Equity			
Issued capital	12	522,995	522,995
Accumulated losses	13	(30,681)	(86,463)
Total Equity		492,314	436,532
	•		

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2008

	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
Total equity at the beginning of the period	436,532	419,400
Net profit for the period	55,782	16,632
Net income/expense recognised directly in equity	- <u>-</u>	-
Dividends provided for or paid	- .	- -
Shares issued during period		500
Total equity at the end of the period	492,314	436,532

Statement of Cashflows

for the year ended 30 June 2008

	. 2		
	<u>Notes</u>	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and employees Interest received		417,379 (340,934) 9,726	375,756 (353,161) 9,354
Net cash provided by operating activities	16	86,171	31,949
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(8,067)	- ·
Net cash used in investing activities		(8,067)	
Cash Flows From Financing Activities			
Proceeds from issues of equity securities		<u> </u>	500
Net cash provided by financing activities			500
Net increase in cash held		78,104	32,449
Cash at the beginning of the financial year		189,866	157,417
Cash at the end of the financial year	6(a)	267,970	189,866

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of preparation

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Urgent Issues Group Interpretations and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Compliance with IFRS

Australian Accounting Standards include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). These financial statements and notes comply with IFRS.

Historical cost convention

The financial report has been prepared under the historical cost conventions on an accruals basis as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Revenue

Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST). The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognised on a net basis and is classified as income rather than revenue.

Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable for the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operation cash flows.

Income tax

Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or tax loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using the comprehensive balance sheet liability method on temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of a business combination) which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the consolidated entity expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the company/consolidated entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the income statement, except when it relates to items credited or debited to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill or excess.

Employee entitlements

Provision is made for the Company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

The Company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income as incurred.

Intangibles

The cost of the Company's franchise fee has been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis at a rate of 20% per annum.

Cash

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Comparative figures

Where required by Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment, leasehold improvements and equipment under finance lease are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item. In the event that settlement of all or part of the purchase consideration is deferred, cost is determined by discounting the amounts payable in the future to their present value as at the date of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its expected useful life to its estimated residual value. Leasehold improvements are depreciated at the rate equivalent to the available building allowance using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method is reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period.

The following estimated useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

- leasehold improvements

40 years

- plant and equipment

2.5 - 40 years

- furniture and fittings

4 - 40 years

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Company's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired branch/agency at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisition is included in intangible assets. Goodwill is not amortised. Instead, goodwill is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. Each of those cash-generating units represents the Company's investment in each branch.

Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are set out below:

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (continued)

Estimated Impairment of Goodwill

The Company tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 1(above). The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of assumptions.

Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the consolidated entity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the consolidated entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. An impairment of goodwill is not subsequently reversed.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

Payment terms

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days.

Trade Receivables and Payables

Receivables are carried at their amounts due. The collectability of debts is assessed at balance date and specific provision is made for any doubtful accounts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

Borrowings

All loans are initially measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions of other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

Contributed Equity

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the Company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

2. Financial Risk Management

The Company's activities expose it to a limited variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the entity. The entity does not use derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the Board of Directors.

(i) Market Risk

The Company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

(ii) Price Risk

The Company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

(iii) Credit Risk

The Company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that customers have an appropriate credit history. The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo Bank Limited.

(iv) Liquidity Risk

Prudent liquidity management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding from credit facilities. The Company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

(v) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest-bearing assets are held with Bendigo Bank Limited and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The Company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2008

3. Revenue from ordinary activities	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
Operating activities:		
- services commissions	421,490	347,106
Total revenue from operating activities	421,490	347,106
Non-operating activities:		
- interest received	11,514	10,476
Total revenue from non-operating activities	11,514	10,476
Total revenues from ordinary activities	433,004	357,582
4. Expenses		
Depreciation of non-current assets:		
- plant and equipment	2,326	2,138
- leasehold improvements	9,403	9,400
Amortisation of non-current assets:		
- franchise agreement	2,002	2,000
	13,731	13,538
D 1111	47.4	000
Bad debts	474	960
5. Income tax expense		
The components of tax expense comprise:		
- Deferred tax on provisions	1,203	_
- Recoupment of prior year tax losses	21,029	5,775
,	22,232	5,775
The prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities before income		
tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:		
Operating profit	78,014	22,407
Prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities at 30%	23,404	6,722
Add tax effect of:		
- non-deductible expenses	601	600
- timing difference expenses	(1,766)	
- blackhole expenses	(1,210)	(1,210)
Current tax	21,029	5,775
	10. 1,203	
Movement in deferred tax	10.	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2008

	2008	2007
6. Cash assets	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Cash at bank and on hand	57,970	31,227
Term deposits	210,000	158,639
	267,970	189,866
The above figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the financial		
The above lightes are recondict to cash at the end of the infancial		
6(a) Reconciliation of cash		
Cash at bank and on hand	57,970	31,227
Term deposit	210,000	158,639
	267,970	189,866
7. Turde and other wear weller		
7. Trade and other receivables		
Trade receivables	13,188	7,858
Accrued income	2,910	1,122
Prepayments	4,097	· -
	20,195	8,980
8. Property, plant and equipment		
Plant and equipment		
At cost	37,149	30,500
Less accumulated depreciation	(5,704)	(3,378)
	31,445	27,122
	-	
Leasehold improvements		
At cost	151,415	149,995
Less accumulated depreciation	(24,262)	(14,859)
	127,153	135,136
Total written down amount	158,598	162,258
Movements in carrying amounts:		
Plant and equipment		
Corning amount at haninging	27 400	20.260
Carrying amount at beginning Additions	27,122 6,649	29,260
Less: depreciation expense	(2,326)	(2,138)
Carrying amount at end	31,445	27,122
Can Jing amount at one		
Leasehold improvements		
Carrying amount at beginning	135,136	144,536
Additions	1,420	
Less: depreciation expense	(9,403)	(9,400)
Carrying amount at end	127,153	135,136
Total written down amount	158,598	162,258
Total whiteh down amount	100,080	102,200

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2008

 9. Intangible assets	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>
Franchise Fee At cost Less: accumulated amortisation	10,000 (5,171)	10,000 (3,169)
Goodwill	33,790	33,790
	38,619	40,621
10. Deferred Tax		*
Deferred Tax Asset - Opening Balance	39,636	45,411
Recoupment of prior year tax losses Deferred tax on provisions	(21,029) (1,204)	(5,775)
Under/over provision in relation to prior years	(1,204)	- -
- Closing Balance	17,404	39,636
11. Trade and other payables		
Trade creditors Other creditors & accruals	7,472 3,000	1,829 3,000
Other Creditors & accidats	10,472	4,829
12. Contributed equity		
543,160 Ordinary shares fully paid of \$1 each (2007: 543,160)	543,160	543,160
Less: equity raising expenses	(20,165) 522,995	(20,165) 522,995
	022,000	022,000
13. Accumulated losses		
Balance at the beginning of the financial year	(86,463)	(103,095)
Net profit from ordinary activities after income tax Balance at the end of the financial year	(30,681)	16,632 (86,463)
Dalance at the end of the infancial year	(30,061)	(00,403)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2008

14. Statement of cashflows	2008 <u>\$</u>	2007 <u>\$</u>	
Reconciliation of loss from ordinary activities after tax to net cash provided by operating activities		*	
Profit from ordinary activities after income tax	55,782	16,632	
Non cash items: - depreciation - amortisation	11,727 2,002	11,540 2,000	
Changes in assets and liabilities: - increase in receivables - decrease in other assets - increase/(decrease) in payables	(11,214) 22,232 5,642	(915) 5,775 (3,083)	~
Net cashflows provided by operating activities	86,171	31,949	
15. Auditors' remuneration			
Amounts received or due and receivable by the auditor of the company for: - audit & review services - non audit services	4,000 1,400 5,400	3,000 1,400 4,400	

16. Director and related party disclosures

The names of Directors who have held office during the financial year are:

Clyde Ian Nicoll

Eirys Mabel Heit

Melissa Kay McGeary

Ivan Aubrey Paul Schindler

Stuart Walton Bede Ross

Kenneth John Savage (Resigned 28 February 2008)

Kathleen Maree Lenihan

Alan Leslie Price

Brian Maxwell Nash

Jennifer Eunice Simmons (Appointed 27 September 2007)

No Director or related entity has entered into a material contract with the Company. No Director's fees have been paid as the positions are held on a voluntary basis.

Rosewood & District Financial Services Limited ABN 62 115 218 472 Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2008

16. Director and Related party disclosures (continued)

Directors shareholdings	2008	<u>2007</u>
Clyde Ian Nicoll	5,001	5,001
Eirys Mabel Heit	5,001	5,001
Melissa Kay McGeary	1,001	1,001
Ivan Aubrey Paul Schindler	2,001	2,001
Stuart Walton Bede Ross	2,001	2,001
Kenneth John Savage (Resigned 28 February 2008)	2,001	2,001
Kathleen Maree Lenihan	501	501
Alan Leslie Price	2,001	2,001
Brian Maxwell Nash	1,001	1,001
Jennifer Eunice Simmons (Appointed 27 September 2007)	50,000	_

There was no movement in directors shareholdings during the year. Each share held is valued at \$1.

17. Dividends not recognised at year end

Since year end the Directors have recommended the payment of a dividend of 4 cents per fully paid ordinary share, unfranked. The aggregate amount proposed dividend expected to be paid on 1 September 2008 out of retained profits at 30 June 2008, but not recognised as a liability at year end, is

at year end, is	21,721	
18. Earnings per share	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
(a) Profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating earnings per share	55,782	16,632
	2008 <u>Number</u>	2007 <u>Number</u>
(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	543,160	543,027

19. Events occurring after the balance sheet date

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

20. Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

21. Segment reporting

The economic entity operates in the service sector where it facilitates community banking services pursuant to a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank Limited. The economic entity operates in one geographic area being Rosewood and surrounding district, Queensland.

22. Registered office/Principal place of business

The registered office and principal place of business is:

Registered office 30A John Street ROSEWOOD QLD 4340 Principal place of business 30A John Street ROSEWOOD QLD 4340

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2008

23. Financial Instruments

Net fair values

The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position. The company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at the year end.

Credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position and notes to the financial statements.

There are no material credit risk exposures to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the economic entity.

Interest rate risk

				Fixe	Fixed interest rate maturing in	ate maturin	g in					
Financial	Floating	Floating interest	1 year or less	or less	Over 1 tc	Over 1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	years	Non intere	Non interest bearing	Weighted average	average
instrument	ב	rate								,	effective ir	effective interest rate
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2002
	↔	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	ક્ક	\$	%	%
Financial assets												
Cash assets	57,970	31,227	ı	1	1		ı	_	I	1	0.05	0.05
Term deposit	1	1	210,000	158,639	1	•	ı	I.	1	1	5.75	6.35
Receivables	1	1	1	ı	1	-	ı	1	13,188	8,981	N/A	ΑX
Financial liabilities	ies	٠				,						
Interest bearing										-		
liabilities	ı	1	ı	1	-	1	1	_	1	ı		
Payables	1	_	1	1	1	1	I,	ı	7,474	4,829	N/A	ΑX

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Rosewood and District Financial Services Limited, we state that:

In the opinion of the Directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the Company are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2008 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) the audited remuneration disclosures set out in the remuneration report section of the Directors' report comply with Accounting Standard AASB174 Related Party Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

The Directors have been given the declarations by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer as required by section 295A of the Corporations Act.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Clyde lan Nicoll Chairman

Signed on the 22nd of August 2008.

Eirys Madel Heit, Director



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Rosewood & District Financial Services Limited

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Rosewood & District Financial Services Limited, which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2008, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes and the director's declaration.

The company has disclosed information as required by paragraphs Aus 25.4 to Aus 25.7.2 of Accounting Standard 124 Related Party Disclosures ("Remuneration disclosures"), under the heading "Remuneration Report" in the directors' report, as permitted by Corporations Regulation 2M.6.04.

Directors Responsibility for the Financial Report

The Directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In note 1, the directors also state that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards. The directors are also responsible for the remuneration disclosures contained in the director's report.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement and that the remuneration disclosures comply with Accounting Standards AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit we have met the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. We have given to the directors of the company a written Auditor's Independence Declaration, a copy of which is included in the director's report. In addition to our audit of the financial report and the remuneration disclosures, we were engaged to undertake the services disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The provision of these services has not impaired our independence.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion:

- 1) The financial report is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including giving a true and fair view of the financial position of Rosewood & District Financial Services Limited as of 30 June 2008 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- 2) The financial report also complies with International financial reporting standards as disclosed in Note 1.
- 3) The remuneration disclosures that are contained in the director's report comply with Accounting Standards AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures.

<u>DAVID HUTCHINGS</u> <u>ANDREW FREWIN & STEWART</u> 61-65 Bull Street, Bendigo, 3550

Dated this 22nd day of August 2008